Office Memo_mounn • United Government DATE: Time ton, MPT (Mark 1987) 23.0, Firmi (M-270) MENTEN CORF (cocessod) - TENTER SUBJECT: Pebriet Et Mari, 1-15-51, chich advined than it the infinete 's ressible molation of Section 1001, Title 18, Thired Charles by STIM SITTH ILLUTTICA in convection will his application for foderal significant at the Orlando Air Force Base, Orlando, Elorida, erriatod. The Pre-ear recrested investigation with a view to prosecution, and for structed the aureau be educations to wisther any cauler vicilities and he developed egainst iny other illian marbars in the State of Florida in Planeinsky letter 500, 120 minute Reren Si a belt-edmitted Manager in 1917 and 1951. tes stated that for the I. I. duffort Compens. is merent monnloyed as an at the Savennah Liner Floats Lillen County, South Carolina. . It is requested the Savemiah Office eremine nersomal extoget the Sevenneh Miron Fluit and ascertain thather he filled out fit 1917. (Application for Tedoral Imployment - Appointment Affication in connection with this application and; if so, mether there is a received molation of Section 1001, Mitle 10, United States Code, in contection with Section Banish contains an oath that the applicant was not affile auted with eny organization union advocated overthics of the United States Coveriment and/or was seeking by force or wielence to demy other ransons their melits under the constitution of the ked Utales ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN I. UNGLASSIFIED (all) fall.
DATE 11-23-82 BY SP4 elw) fall.

Office Memorandum • United st Fovernment Director, FBI (44-4118) DATE: April 29, 1952 FROM: PAC, St. Louis (44-122) SUBJECT: / UNKNOWN SUBJECTS;
HARRY T. MOORE, ET AL - VICTIMS CIVIL RIGHTS; FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT Re Miami radiogram dated 4-23-52. made available to Special Agent on April 28, 1952, The original copies of the above forms, upon subpoena duces tecum be obtained from

STANDARD PORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • united states government

: . 'Mr. Ladd

FROM: Mr. Rosen

SUBJECT: FLORIDA BOMBING CASES

PURPOSE

To advise you of the results of recent investigation in the Florida bombing cases, the contemplated scope of investigation, and that consideration is being given to possible presentation of certain facts developed to a Federal Grand Jury.

DETAILS

The Florida bombing cases include four separate investiga- v tions and pertain to the following incidents: (1) the dynamiting of apartment buildings in Carver Village, Miami, on September 22 and November 30, 1951, (2) one dynamiting and four attempts to dynamite Jewish properties in the Miami area between October 1 and December 9, 1951, (3) an attempt to dynamite a Catholic church at Miami on December 23, 1951 and (4) the dynamite murder of Mr. and Mrs. Harry m. Moore at Mims, Florida, on December 25, 1951.

By memorandum dated December 7, 1951, former Attorney General McGrath requested a preliminary investigation of the first two cases for the purpose of determining whether it is likely that violations of the Federal statutes are involved. Extensive investigation was conducted in regard to these two matters and reports made available to the Department. By memorandum dated December 28, 1951. Former Attorney General McGrath advised that the Bureau has complete and unlimited authority to make full investigation of the dynamiting instances which have occurred, and any which might occur. The purpose of this investigation was to determine the identity of the persons responsible for these acts of violence, and thereafter the question of jurisdiction would be determined.

Accordingly, these four cases have been handled as specials by the Miami Division. As of this date, none of the cases have been salved. However, in the Carver Village case and in the Moore case. there is every indication that certain renegade Ku Klux Klan members Mare responsible. At no time during the investigation has there been Wany indication that the persons responsible for the incidents, violated lany Federal statutes in the futherance of the dynamitings or attempted Ndynamitings. On the other hand, investigation has revealed violations

Attachment

24/Meanul 5-3-52

DATE: April 28, 1952

of state laws on the part of certain Klan members in that they engaged in floggings and other acts of terrorism. Investigation has also determined that some of the Klan members have in all probability violated Section 1001, Title 18, in that they have given false statements on their applications for Federal employment regarding Klan membership and prior arrest records. The possibility of prosecuting Klan members for such a violation has been taken up with the Department and by memorandum dated April 10, 1952, the Bureau was advised that a violation of section 1001 is indicated and that the matter should be fully investigated with a view of prosecution. Accordingly investigation is being conducted to develop all such violations against present and past Klan members. H. Mali W. Miant 5-3-521 600 The current lines of investigation in regard to the four cases are set forth hereinafter: DYNAMITING OF CARVER VILLAGE The most promising current line of investigation in this case pertains to information furnished by Jola, Wisconsin, who has advised that he believes and other Ku Klux Klan associates are responsible for the bombings of Carver Village. Detailed questioning of has failed to directly implicate and his associates as being responsible for such bombings. However believes that these individuals were responsible because of their acts and general conversations overheard by him immediately prior to the first bombing on September 22, 1951. testify Numerous efforts have been made to have in regard to the information he has furnished and he has changed his attitude in this regard upon numerous occasions. He was last interviewed on April 26, 1952, at which time he states that with proper secrecy he will testify concerning the information furnished by him before a Federal Grand Jury. However, since he desires to return to Florida to live, and since he is afraid of reprisals to his family and himself, he will not testify in open court. Much of the collateral information furnished by has been verified, there are some discrepancies in his story and the pertinent portions of his story about his observations and conversations with the suspects have not been substantiated. Investigation and ten other individuals who has developed [are officers and members of the John B. Gordon Klavern, Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Hialeah, Florida, are members of an action group that holds secret meetings not attended by the regular Klan members. It has been determined that members of this group were

project in an effort to keep Negroes from moving in.

definitely interested in the colored-white housing problems at Carver

Village and contacted both white and colored tenants at the housing

is presently an employee of the United States Post Office and that a number of other present members of this Klavern have been former Federal employees. It is possible that these persons may have violated Section 1001, Title 18, in not disclosing their Klan membership at the time they made application for Federal employment.

Intensive investigation has been and is still being conducted in regard to the members of the Klavern in an effort to tie them in with the dynamiting of Carver Village. The main suspects have not as yet been interviewed. As soon as all possible investigative leads have been exhausted, these suspects will be interviewed, most of them simultaneously.

DYNAMITING OF JEWISH PROPERTIES

At the present time all good suspects have been tentatively eliminated, but investigation is continuing regarding these and any other suspects developed. There has been no indication that the Klan is involved in this case. However, when the Klan suspects in the Carver Village case are interviewed, they will be questioned concerning this case, and searches will be made for any possible evidence indicating their participation therein.

DYNAMITING OF CATHOLIC CHURCH

There have never been any definite suspects developed in this one incident. All indications are that the dynamiting of this church was a continuance of the Jewish properties incidents, and that the persons responsible for the Jewish properties case were also responsible for this case. Consequently, any investigation conducted in the Jewish properties case would also refer to this case.

DYNA, TING DEATH OF MR. AND MRS. HARRY T. MOORE

The only good suspects in this case at the present time are a group of renegade Klan members in the vicinity of Apopka and Winter Garden, Florida, and in this regard, only two incidents indicate a definite Klan interest in Moore. Information was furnished by William Rogar, Apopka, Florida and is as follows: Bogar was elected Exalted Cyclops of the Apopka Klavern of the Association of Georgia Klans about January 1, 1950. During January, 1950, this group became affiliated with the Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. During this same north, Earl Procklyn of the Winter Garden Klavern, visited a meeting of the Apopka Klavern and after the meeting, approached Bogar and several others with Brooklyn, and stated in substance as follows:

Moore up at Mims is head of the NAACP and he has played a very important part in trying to get the Lake County niggers cleared of the rape charge. He caused a lot of money to be sent down from New York to be used in defending the niggers. I have been over to Mims and have checked over the place carefully.

At this point, Brooklyn withdrew from his shirt pocket a piece of plain white paper on which there was a plan of a house drawn on the paper in pencil. Brooklyn continued, "I have here a plan of the house. I want to recase the place carefully and I am going to take some men over. Is there any of you men that want to go with me?". No one offered to go with Brooklyn and he did not push the question any further.

at Cocoa, Florida, reported that James B. Johnson (also a known member of the Klan at Winter Garden) approached during June or early July, 1951 and made inquiry about an attorney who could represent Johnson in a legal matter. At that time, Johnson asked if the latter would be interested in joining the Klan, Johnson indicating he was organizing a Klavern in Cocoa. Johnson indicated that he was an active official in the Klan and stated that Negroes were now getting out of hand and something had to be done. Johnson continued that, "There's a biggety s.o.b. Harry Moore at Mims, Florida, who is getting out of hand."
Johnson mentioned that Moore had made some statements or remarks concerning the Groveland rape case which apparently Johnson did not like and indicated that something was going to happen to Moore or that he was going to be taken care of.

Investigation has failed to further show that any Klan members were responsible for Moore's death. However, investigation reflects the Klan in this area has actively engaged in floggings and other acts of terrorism against both white and colored people since 1943. Just recently we have been able to get some of these Klansmen to talk about such activities and four individuals have now given signed statements admitting their participation in or knowledge of beatings and other acts of terrorism, including the burnings of buildings. The most extensive signed statement in this regard was just obtained this past week from at Apopka. At the present time other Klan members and former Klan members who participated in these various acts according to the signed statements obtained, are being vigorously interviewed, concerning their knowledge of these acts and any possible knowledge of instant case.

Investigation of the Klansmen in this area has also developed possible violations of Section 1001, Title 18, for making false statements regarding Klan membership and arrests in connection with their application for Federal employment.

POSSIBLE FEDERAL GRAND JURY CONSIDERATION

As previously indicated, we have not been able to develop any clear Federal jurisdiction in connection with the dynamite incidents under investigation. As a general rule, most Klan members have been very uncooperative, refusing to discuss any Klan activities and referring to their Klan oath, which states such information should not be revealed to anyone. The general feeling of Klan members is that there is no Federal jurisdiction in these cases and consequently, there is no fear of Federal prosecution. However, we have received information that the Klansmen have, for some time, been definitely concerned that they may be called before a Federal Grand Jury and questioned regarding Klan activities, and if they do not furnish information or give false information, they will be cited for contempt of court or be charged with perjury. Consequently, Miami has been instructed to conduct investigation and develop information which might give us a basis for having these matters considered by a Federal Grand Jury. Several possibilities exist in this regard and are discussed hereinafter.

Former Attorney General McGrath recently instigated a program of convening Federal Grand Juries to inquire into local crime, particularly for the purpose of inquiry into the operation of criminals to determine whether or not there is any Federal violation occurring. The Klan is a national organization and numerous incidents have been developed where Klan members have committed aggravated assaults and other acts of terrorism, which incidents have reached such proportions as to make them comparable with any known type of gangsterism. If the Federal Grand Jury has the authority to inquire into local crime, it would appear that such a grand jury could certainly inquire into Klan activities.

For the purpose of administration of the Federal Employees Loyalty Program, the Ku Klux Klan has been declared as an organization which has adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts of force and violence to deny others their rights under the Constitution of the United States. It may be possible that the Department will consider a Federal Grand Jury to inquire into Klan activities for the further administration of this program.

As pointed out, a number of Klansmen have undoubtedly violated Section 1001, Title 18, in that they made false statements to the Federal Government. Not all of these possible suspects have, as yet, been interviewed. At least one of these reported Klansmen has denied he was a Klan member and others may do likewise. Since such a violation is definitely within the scope of inquiry of a Federal Grand Jury, the records of the Klan may be subpoensed and other Klan members may be questioned by a Grand Jury about Klansmen who may have violated this section. If the records are not produced and if Klansmen do not testify, it is possible they may be held in contempt of court.

In regard to the Carver Village case, the Federal Housing Authority has a first mortgage on the property in the amount of approximately \$800,000. However, the Government does not have title to this property. This mortgage was obtained after the first bombing and prior to the second one. It would appear to be a very technical question as to whether this matter could be prosecuted under the Destruction of Government Property Statute. However, the Department will be requested to both consider this possibility.

We have also learned through confidential sources, that

two of the principal suspects in the Carver

Village case, are operating handbooks and while we have not yet verified
it, they undoubtedly have violated the recently enacted Wagering Tax Law
in that they have not purchased the necessary Federal stamp nor paid the
required taxes in connection with the operation of the handbooks. Because
this information was obtained from confidential sources and because we are
still conducting investigation regarding these two suspects and desire no
possible interference by an investigation of these suspects by another
Government agency at this time, the information has not as yet, been referred to the Treasury Department.

OBSERVATION:

As you will see, nothing has been developed to show that the actual dynamitings or the attempts to dynamite, are in violation of any Federal statutes, and further, there is a definite legal problem as to whether a Federal Grand Jury has the jurisdiction to inquire into the incidents under investigation. It is also very improbable that if the renegade Klan members are involved as we believe that we will get admissions from them because most of them will not even submit to an interview. Consequently, our efforts have been directed towards developing facts which may possibly give a Federal Grand Jury the necessary jurisdiction to inquire into these cases and Klan activities in general, with the hope that at least some Klan members will begin to talk if subpoenaed before a Federal Grand Jury and, in this manner, we will be able to obtain solutions to the dynamitings under investigation. We feel that certain renegade Klan members are definitely involved in at least two of these cases and our investigation has developed numerous acts of terrorism in which they have participated and we expect to be able to prosecute these individuals in one way or another on some type of charge.

As to the question as to whether we are ready to present these matters to a Federal Grand Jury, if that is possible, we definitely are not ready at this time, In the Carver Village case, Miami dvised by letter dated April 15, 1952, that within about thirty days, the investigation will have advanced to the point that possible prosecution should be considered. In view of the recent signed statements obtained from Klan members in the Moore case as to various acts of violence in which they have participated, numerous interviews and reinterviews of Klan members and former Klan members will have to be attempted. Miami has advised all of these investigations are receiving continuous and expeditious attention and the Bureau is following these cases very closely to thoroughly develop all possibilities.

While we are not yet ready to have the Federal Grand Jury consider some phases of the investigation conducted in these cases and since there is considerable question as to the jurisdiction of such a Federal Grand Jury inquiring into these matters, a memorandum has been prepared for the Department in which our problems are set forth and requesting a legal opinion.

RECOMMENDATION

That the attached memorandum be sent to the Acting Attorney General with a copy to James M. McInerney, Criminal Division, for a decision as to the possible jurisdiction that a Federal Grand Jury may have in considering these cases.

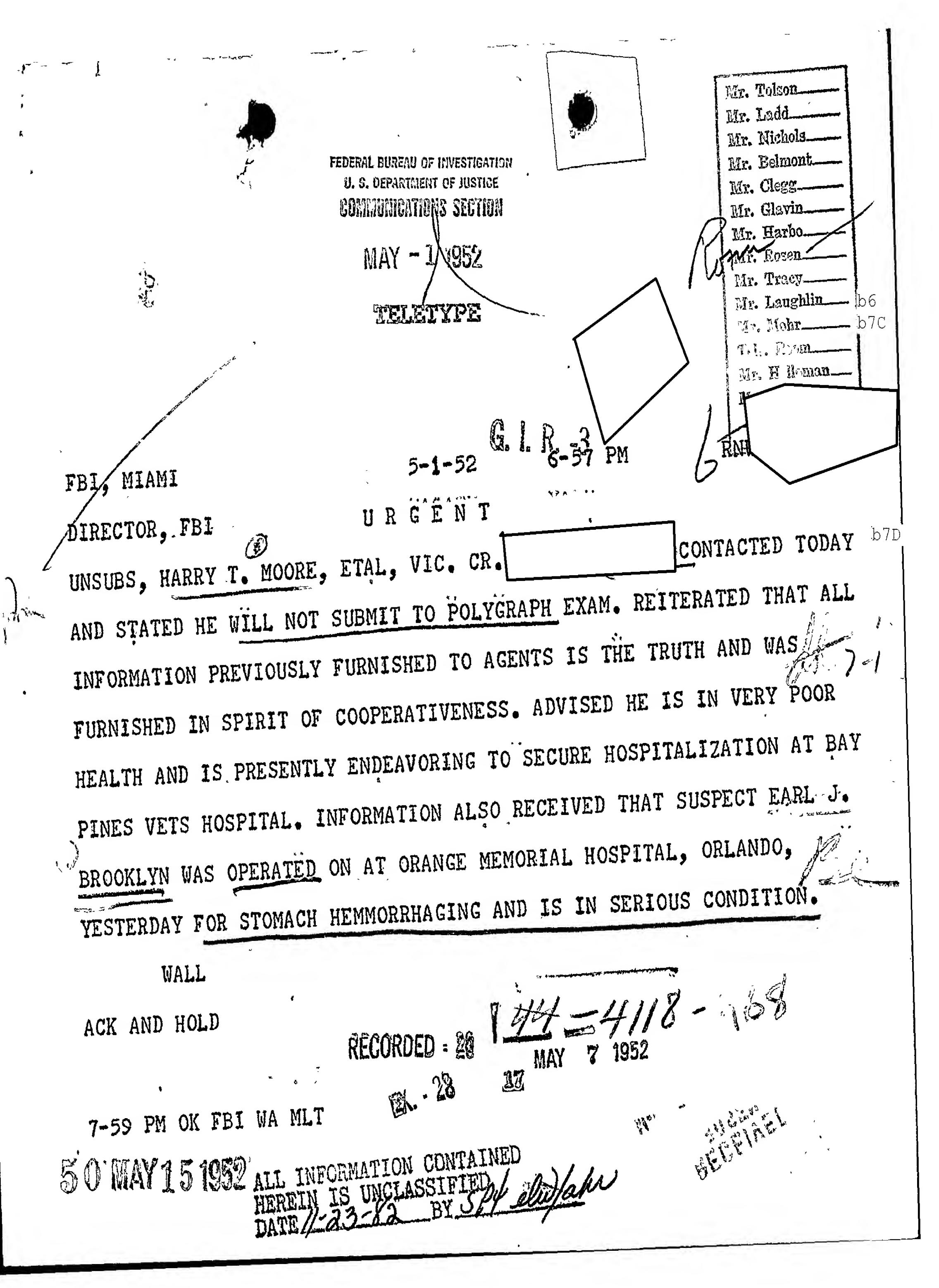
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FWN:DW

Director, FBI

April 19, 1952

SAC, Flemphis (105-38)

UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; Bombings of Carver Village, ... Edison Center, Miami, Florida September 22, 1951 and November 30, 1951 CIVIL RIGHTS; UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; Harry T. Moore - Victim (deceased) Harriett-Moore - Victim (deceased) CIVIL RIGHTS; UNKNOWN SUBJECTS: Bombings of Jewish Temples, Schools and Centers, Miami, Florida CIVIL RIGHTS; UNKNOWN SUBJECTS: Dynamite Incident, Saints Peter and Paul Catholic hurch, Miami, Florida? CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Miami let to Director 1-11-52.

On February 4, 1952, former member of the Ku Klux Klan who resides at Tennessee, was contacted concerning the Ku Klux Klan activities, at which time he was questioned concerning any knowledge of activities of the Klan in bombings in Florida and he denied any knowledge of such activities. 🐣 On February 18, 1952, Tennessee, was contacted concerning his knowledge of activities of the Ku Klux Klan in Columbia, Tennessee. He admitted former membership in the Klan and stated that he attended one meeting of the Klan in Golumbia, Tennessee, at which meeting SAM ROPER spoke. He stated that no mention was made of any bombings in Florida and that he has no knowledge of such incidents. On April 4, 1952. Tennessee, was interviewed, at which time he admitted former membership in the Ku Klux Klan Klavern in Nashville, Tennessee; however, he stated that he has no knowledge concerning any incidents of bombings conducted by the Klan in the State of Florida. CC/Miamia (1111-A OT RECEIVED TO

Me. Let. to Bureau - 2

On April 11. 1952,

Tennessee, was interviewed concerning his knowledge of the adtivities of the Ku Klux Klan in Nashville, Tennessee. He admitted former membership in the Ku Klux Klan in Nashville, Tennessee, stating that he left the Klan in January, 1951. He stated that at the time that he was in the Klan, he had no knowledge of any bombings carried on by the Klan in the State of Florida.

Tennessee, was interviewed concerning his knowledge of the activities of the Ku Klux Klan in Columbia. At this time he was questioned as to his knowledge of any bombings carried out by the Klan in the State of Florida and he advised that he had no knowledge of any such bombings.

All of the above-named persons are being considered for Potential Security Informants by the Memphis Division and it is requested that their names not be revealed if this information is reported where it would go to an outside agency.

are known to have been members of the Ku Klux Klan in Columbia and Nashville, Tennessee will be interviewed. At the time of these interviews the bombing violations in Florida will be borne in mind and each of these persons will be questioned. If any information is obtained, it will be made available to the Miami Uffice and the Bureau immediately. RUC.

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

MAY 7, 1952

Transmit the following message to:

SAC, MIAMI

URGENT

	UNSUBS. HARRY	T. MOORE, ET AL,	VICTIMS,	CR. REREP S	A
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DATE: April 19, 1952

FROM:

Mr. Rosen E. H. Winterrowd

Time of call: 4:10 p.m.

SUBJECT:

UNKNOWN SUBJECTS

HARRY T. OMOORE, et al - VICTIMS

CIVIL RIGHTS

case as well as the Carver Village Case with SAC Wall, instruct ing that both investigations must be expedited and all possible (rease Agents available utilized on the investigations.

It was suggested that should be most thoroughly interviewed as it is apparent that he is at the present time cooperative and that he has a wealth of information concerning Klan activities, especially concerning acts of terror in which he personally participated. Also, he is the one who reported that suspect Earl Brooklyn was in possession of the floor plans of Moore's house and that we should not feel certain that he has actually furnished all the information he knows as to the Moore Case. It was requested that signed statements be obtained from him, first, as to his knowledge of the Moore Case and secondly, as to other acts of terrorism which he knows of or in which he participated.

Wall was advised that thereafter all Klansmen who participated in floggings or other acts of terrorism as evidenced by Dimpressions obtained from Klan members should be again contacted. and thoroughly re-interviewed in that regard. Wall was also advised that very serious consideration should be given to the use of surveillances in regard to Klan members.

Wall was advised that the Bureau is considering the possibility of bringing these cases beforea Federal Grand Jury and that this matter will be taken up with the Department.

RECORDED - 135

INDEXED - 135

APR 30 1952

EX-164

DST:rta/

FILED IN COPY UNRECORDED

Office Memorandum • United states government

Director, FBI (44-4118)

FROM: SAC, Mobile (44-175)

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS;
HARRY T. MOORE,
HARRIETT MOORE (Deceased) - VICTIMS
CIVIL RIGHTS

Governor's Office, Tallahassee, Florida, contacted SA JAMES B.
HAFLEY on May 3, 1952, and explained that he had been investigating
"an angle" boncerning the above entitled case at Apalachicola,
Florida, which "has possibilities".

He explained that one Apalachicola. knew the iden-Florida, had advised him, that tity of an unnamed person in the Apalachicola area who is and who "knows plenty" about the circumstances under which the victims in this case were murdered. According to is willing to talk with a Bureau agent; however, believes that this unidentified would never has indicated to cooperate with the Bureau in the matter. who is alleged that this unidentified to be a rabid KKK members, would have to be approached through a in the Birmingham good confidential informant, such as territory who has volunteered in Florida.

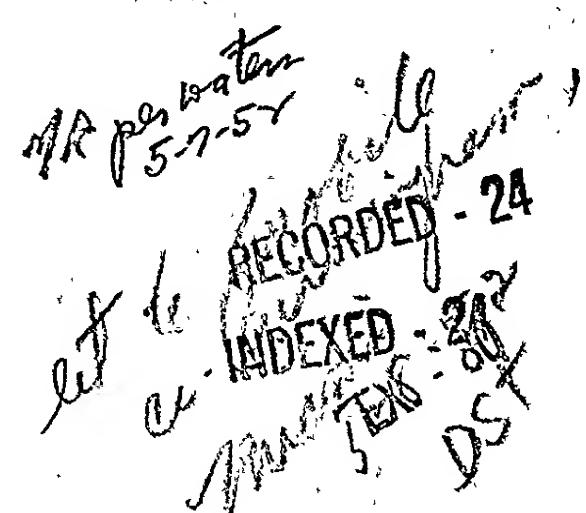
negative. The Bureau, Miami and Birmingham Offices are requested to immediately check their respective indices on this person to ascertain if there is any reason why he should not be discreetly contacted in this matter. If no advice to the contrary is received prior to May 15, 1952, will be discreetly and thoroughly interviewed for full and complete information in this matter. The possibility of utilizing one of the Birmingham informants in approaching the unidentified will be advised later of the results.

JBH-id

AMSD

2cc: Birmingham

2cc: Miami (44-270)



144-4118-MAY BY 1952

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED BY SPHILL STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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Mr. Ladd

DATE: May 8, 1952

FROM

A. Rosenw

SUBJECT:

UNKNOWN SUBJECTS;

HARRY T. MOORE, et al. - VICTIMS,

AND RELATED CASES;

CIVIL RIGHTS

Call: 10:30 a.m.

SAC Wall of the Miami Division furnished the text of a letter received today by the Miami Office from United States

Attorney Phillips, under date of May 5, 1952, a copy of which is attached. In his letter, Mr. Phillips inquired as to whether or on the captioned Civil Rights case involving Harry T. Moore, as well as the other Florida bombing cases, should be presented to the Federal Grand Jury presently sitting at Miami, Florida.

It was pointed out to SAC Wall that the investigation in these cases had been ordered by the Attorney General; that there was doubt as to the question of Federal jurisdiction in all of these cases; that the question as to whether or not the facts developed should be presented to a Federal Grand Jury was under consideration by the Criminal Division of the Department; and that the general policy in all Civil Rights cases is not to present such matters to a grand jury or for the United States Attorney to consider prosecution without the specific authority of the Department.

In view of these considerations, SAC Wall was instructed to suggest to United States Attorney Phillips that the latter might, if he so desired, take up his question directly with the Department regarding the presentation of these cases to the current Federal Grand Jury sitting in Miami inasmuch as the Bureau is in no position to say whether the cases should or should not be presented to a grand jury.

ACTION:

The Criminal Division will be informed of the request of United States Attorney Phillips and our action as set out above.

OJK:mfbW Attachment

A COMMANDER OF THE PARTY OF THE

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED BYSELFAME
DATE 1-23-12 BYSELFAME

BYSEL

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May 5, 1952 Mr. R. W. Wall Special Agent in Charge Federal Bureau of Investigation Miami, Florida Dear Mr. Wall: Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; HARRY T. MOORE AND
HARRIETT MOORE (DECEASED) VICTIMS; CIVIL RIGHTS Please advise me if you think the present grand jury at Miami can be of any assistance to you in connection with the investigation being made of the captioned matter. If so, I will get Judge Holland to call the grand jury in session for the purpose of investigating the same and all of the bombing cases you are investigating. If you think the grand jury can be of any assistance, please furnish me a list of the witnesses, with their post-office addresses, that you think should be called before the grand jury. Before I take them before the grand jury, I will want to interview them in the United States Attorney's Office at Miami with an FBI Agent present. Sincerely yours, HERBERT S. PHILLIPS United States Attorney 44-4118-272 ENCLOSURE

Mr. Tolson_ Mr. Ladd__ Mr. Nichols_ FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Mr. Belmont_ U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Mr. Clegg_ COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Mr. Glavin___ Mr. Harbo. 8 1952 MAY b6 b7C • Mr. Rosen 111 Mr. Tracy_ TELETYPE Mr. Laughlin_ Mr. Mohr___ Tele. Room___ Mr. Holloman_ FBI. MIAMI 5-8-52 -7-50 PM DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, SAVANNAH URGENT UNSUBS, HARRY T. MOORE, ET AL, VICTIMS, CR. REBUTEL TO MIAMI MAY SEVEN LAST WHICH ADVISES QUOTE REREP SA LAWRENCE R. CHANDLER, MARCH SIX, FIFTYTWO, SAVANNAH, REFLECTING THAT WAS FORMERLY EMPLOYED AT SAVANNAH RIVER PLANT, AEC. POSSIBLE HE NEVER VIOLATED SECTON ONE THOUSAND ONE, TITLE EIGHTEEN, USC, IN NOT REVEALING HIS FORMER KKK MEMBERSHIP AT TIME OF EMPLOYMENT. INVESTIGATION SHOULD BE IMMEDIATELY INITIATED ALONG SIMILAR LINES SET FORTH IN BULET OF MAY TWO LAST REGARDING UNQUOTE. SAVANNAH HANDLE. BUDED MAY ŞIXTEEN NEXT. WALL SV ADVISED END ACK AND HOLD PLD. MAY 13 1952 8-53 PM OK FBI WA MIM 64MAY 1918 2

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

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Rosen

Mohr Room

MAY 7, 1952

Transmit the following message to:

SAC, MIAMI

URGENT

PERSONAL ATTENTION

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Office Memorandum • united states government DATE: May 1 1952 Director, FBI SAC, Miami UNKNOWN SUBJECTS HARRY T. MOORE, ET AL, VICTIMS CIVIL RIGHTS have had a lengthy discussion with Special Agents FRANK F. MEECH and JAMES P. SHANNON who have been working on the above-captioned case since its inception with regard to the ramifications of the investigation conducted to date and the possibility of presenting the facts as known to a Federal Grand Jury. Some very salient points have arisen during the course of this discussion which I am setting out rather fully for the Bureau's consideration. I think it should be pointed out that these thoughts and reactions are to some degree based on surmise rather than concrete facts. I do feel, however, that these men who have been so closely associated with this case have come up with some good points. The observations and general conclusions from the discussion with these Agents have been submitted in memorandum form to me and I am attaching a copy of this memorandum for the Bureau's consideration. RWW:JHK Enclosure RECORDED III 44-4119 INDEXED - III

Miami, Florida April 28, 1952

MEMO, SAC:

RE: DISCUSSION OF POSSIBILITY OF GRAND
JURY BEING CALLED IN CONNECTION WITH
THE INVESTIGATION OF THE CASE ENTITLED
"UNKNOWN SUBJECTS, HARRY T. MCORE, ET AL,
CIVIL RIGHTS",
Miami File # 44-270.

FURPOSE OF MEMORANDUM

The purpose of this memorandum is to furnish you with some ideas of the writers as to difficulties experienced in conducting the investigation in Orange County and to present arguments in favor of a Federal Grand Jury which would look into and explore the activities of the Ku Klux Klan operating in Orange County, of course, with the ultimate aim being the solution of the HARRY T. MOURE case.

1. VENUE

The venue in the HARRY T. MOORE case insofar as it relates to the killing of the victims in the case appears to be solely within Brevard County. At no time during the course of this investigation has any information been developed which indicates there is a Civil Rights violation in which the Sheriff or any of the law enforcement officials in Frevard County could be accused. Therefore, the agents submitting this memorandum are not discussing the calling of a Grand Jury in Brevard County. From our knowledge in investigating this case, it is difficult to conceive of any angle whatsoever that a Federal Grand Jury could explore concerning lis concerned Brevard County residents. As far as Sheriff in Brevard County, we have had the utmost cooperation since the crime occurred. As a matter of fact, most of his leads would be turned over to the Bureau to explore rather than attempting to do any of the work himself which might interfere with the Bureau's investigation. It is known that put forth every effort of his office to solve the killing of the victims, HARRY and HARRIETT MOOKE. The investigation in Brevard County failed to indicate that there was ever any real racial tension except for the possible tension which existed a number of years ago when Wegroes were registered to vote in the Democratic primary. The relations between white and Negro in Brevard County are exemplary.

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ENCLOSUME

In the opinion of the undersigned, a Federal Grand Jury could have justification in Grange County, Florida, based on possible violation of Civil Rights on the part of certain law enforcement officials in that county and violations of certain Federal laws by incividual Klansmen in that county. It is to support this opinion and to expound on the advantages of this proposed Federal Grand Jury that the following information is being set forth.

2. LOCALE OF INVESTIGATION - ORANGE COUNTY

The major portion from the standpoint of agent days has been concentrated in Orange County. This, of course, resulted from possible identification of one individual in particular, MARL J. CHOULIN, who is a resident of Orange County, as being a person over in lims inquiring as to the location of HARRY MOURE's house. In addition. an individual who saw. approximately has been used as an informant two and one-half years ago, in the hands of BROOKLYN the floor plans or HARRY MUDRE's house and heard BROOKLYN make a statement to the effect that HARRY MUCHE was going to be taken care of and that they needed help to case his house. Based upon this information, a concentrated investigation was conducted, the result of which was the exposition of numerous instances of both white and Negro persons being flogged and, in the case of Negroes, several being shot with one dying as a result, all of these terrorist incidents being without due process of law and can be construed as the taking away of one's Civil Rights guaranteed to him under the Constitution of the United States, by reason of an alleged conspiracy between Klansmen and local law enforcement officials.

As far as Brevard County is concerned, all logical investigation has been completely exhausted. Feriodically, as leads arise, some additional investigation has been conducted in Brevard County. Consequently, the real concentrated effort in this case has been hinged solely on the activities of Klansmen in Orange County.

3. POWER OF THE KLAN

The Ku Klux Klan includes some of the highest public officials and some of the most important businessmen and professional men and also includes white people in all walks of life down to the most illiterate. Our investigation discloses that the operation of the individual Klaverns is generally in the hands of those individuals who are uncouth and to the point of being illiterate. The better class of individuals, while believing in the principles of the Klan, do not take an active part

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in the operation of the Klavern on meeting nights, etc., and therefore are not in a position to know what goes on. Actually, the control and operation of the Ku Klux Klan has been surrendered by default to men of vicious, bigoted character generally known as white trash.

The power of the Klan and its absolute influence on the entire life of the community, particularly in West Orange County, has been an accepted fact. As far as the Klan is concerned, it is not unlike an undercover Gestapo operating with complete power, with the knowledge of and even at the suggestion of all the law enforcement officials of the community from the Sheriff down. Even if a law enforcement official disagreed with the Klan and its activities he would have to take a negative attitude. For example, a former Deputy Sheriff who resides in Ocoee (in West Orange County) was interviewed by the writers as to his knowledge of some of the floggings which occurred. It was quite obvious from the moment the interview began that this man was afraid to talk to the agents. In one breath he told us that he had no knowledge of anybody being flogged in the county and in the second breath said, "You know there is a powerful organization (meaning Ku Klux Klan) in Orange County and when I was a Deputy Sheriff I knew there would be no need of investigating any terrorist activity because it wouldn't do me any good."

4. EFFECT ON LECENT CITIZENS OF COMMUNITY

The Bureau's prestige has been greatly affected by this investigation. From the outset the very fact that the Bureau was investigating a matter having any connection with the Ku Klux Klan had an impressive effect on the average decent citizen of Orange County who took the general attitude (with justification) that now something was going to be done about the Klan and all its terrorist activities. The average citizen who stands for and wants a good community received a "lift". It has been observed that the average person in Orange County, and particularly West Orange County, has a mortal fear of the Klan. Some who have reason or suspicion to believe that at some time in the future they might be the object of a "ride" at the hands of the Klan are afraid to go out of their homes at night and did not feel secure in their homes. Since the incention of the investigation in Orange County there have been no known acts of violence or rides perpetrated by or in the name of the Ku Klux Klan or anybody else.

5. UNCOOPERATIVE ATTITUDE OF KLANSMEN

As the investigation in this case proceeded in Orange County it
appeared that there was a conspiracy among the Klansmen to adopt a certain
obstructive attitude toward this investigation and toward any specific b71
inquiries and interviews conducted by Special Agents of this Bureau. Informa-
tion has been Aurnished by Confidential Informant that at one time
Sheriff was instructing certain Klansmen not to cooperate
with agents of this Bureau and the cause of the investigation. For fear
of having their activities and information about the Klan divulged to the
Bureau, Klansmen passed the word that under no circumstances were the
Klansmen to furnish any information about the other Klansmen or Klan
activities to agents of this Bureau but were to rely upon the alleged
Klan oath of secrecy. Actually, it is known that at some Klan meetings,
as a distinct innovation, this Klan oath of secrecy was repeated to impress
upon the membership the necessity of withholding all information from the
FBI. The writers knew that there was a specific portion in the Klan oath
in which Klansmen swore to aid and assist all duly constituted law enforce-
ment officers in the performance of their legal duties. This fact was
repeatedly brought to the attention of Klansmen interviewed who were un-
doubtedly in a quandry as to their oath and its responsibilities. Many
of the Klansmen might have been inclined to furnish information were it
not for instructions emanating from the Klaverns at the early stages of
this investigation to the effect that the portion of the oath above-mentioned
relating to cooperation with law enforcement officials did not apply to
the FBI. They attempted to rationalize and justify this conclusion by
saying that the FBI had no right to come in and tell them how to "run their $_{ m b70}$
niggers". The agents conducting this investigation have contacted hundreds
of people, many of whom would otherwise have had a cooperative attitude
and furnished information of value to these agents were it not for the fact
that certain Klansmen not only bragged about the fact that they were inter-
viewed by the FBI and wouldn't give them "a damn thing" but by pressure
by word of mouth on other individuals who readily recalled their "fear
of the Klan". For example, a garrulous Klansman named of Winter
Garden, who is commonly known as told an informant of this
office that the FBI is not so hot and he had a good mind to pick up a few
loaders and pull a job right under their noses. To further illustrate
the derisive attitude of Klansmen toward the Bureau in their uncooperative
attitude, it is to be noted that one a known Klansman who is in Apopka, Florida, made a statement to his
is in Apopka, Florida, made a statement to his that the FBI did not know how to conduct an
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The Klan has been counseled and advised that if no one talks the FBI cannot accomplish a thing. An attorney, probably has been contacted by some Klansmen. This attorney has told them that they had a constitutional right not to cooperate and that they were not under any obligation to go to the Resident Agency of the FBI in Orlando for any interview. He did advise them that they would have to furnish information to a Federal Grand Jury but that there was no information which they had which might involve them in any Federal violation and therefore the Federal Grand Jury wouldn't be able to do anything to them even if they furnished all the information. He counseled them that if they refused to talk to the Federal Grand Jury they could be cited for contempt or if they did not tell the truth they might be prosecuted for perjury. It is undoubtedly based on the advice of this attorney that members of the Ku Kłux Klan in Orange County feel that the United States Government has no jurisdiction whatsoever in the current investigation or in any Klan activities.

6. FEAR OF REPRISAL BY CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS AND DECENT CITIZENS OF COMMUNITY

It should be noted that Confidential Informants who have furnished information in connection with this investigation and who are either former Klansmen or presently Klansmen have appreciation of the extreme dangers which they might encounter at the hands of a Klansman if their identifications are ever made known. A number of these Confidential Informants have furnished

information to this Bureau as a public duty and have been under the impression that any dangers which they risk will be compensated for by personal satisfaction that they have done their duty as good American citizens when the guilty members of the Klan are brought to justice. These informants are convinced that if the Klan or Klansmen in power ever had any idea that they, the informants, were furnishing information to the Bureau they would be ambushed and killed. This same fear of reprisal is also reflected in interviews with persons who are not now or ever have been Klan members but who are mortally in fear of the Klan and plead ignorance when interviewed concerning information known to be in their possession. It is inconceivable that some of the apparent witnesses to atrocities committed by Klansmen in Orange County should be telling the truth when they plead ignorance to facts which a normal person would have been able to furnish under different circumstances. For instance, several white high school teachers who are college graduates and men of superior intelligence are known to have actually seen a group of white men beating a Negro (LUTHER NOLEMAN) in the middle of a business street in Winter Garden. They saw the incident as they drove by in their car and noticed that a shotgun was in the hands of one of the white men. After stopping the car they heard a shot and then observed two cars drive by. These two white men plead complete agnorance of almost every descriptive feature in this incident, that is, description of the car or description of the white men involved. Of course, they didn't obtain any license numbers. The fear engendered in the local populace by the Ku Klux Klan is analogous to the fear of reprisal fostered by the Mafia and underworld groups in order to prevent persons from furnishing information to law enforcement officials.

7. SIGNED STATEMENTS IMPLICATING KLAN MEMBERS

Months of intensive investigation has resulted in obtaining four signed statements from Klansmen which statements set forth terrorist incidents in which they and other Klansmen mentioned by them engaged in years past. The Klansmen and Klan officers disclaim any knowledge of the floggings, beatings and killings in connection with these terrorist activities claiming that these activities are carried on by people other than Klansmen. However, the four signed statements directly implicate Klansmen and officials of the Klavern. The investigation has not indicated that the general organization of the Klan such as the State and National leaders have any part in these terrorist activities or officially sanction them. The way the Klan operates is not unlike some mobs in the underworld where some of the underlings

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would engage in criminal activities apart from the criminal activities under the guidance of the underworld leader. The local Klavern seems to have the complete control over such terrorist activities. In fact, from the investigation it appears that the Association of Georgia Klans is a rather loose association of Klaverns who have little control from State or National leadership. The secret manner in which rides are planned and executed explains why only those who participate have any knowledge of the rides. It appears that the wrecking crew picked to go on a ride is sworn to the utmost secrecy among themselves. It is known that Klansmen would never solicit an individual whom they believe would have the slightest reluctance to participate in a ride. Therefore, it is only reasonable to believe that those persons who have never participated in a ride would have no knowledge of any terrorist activity and would actually believe that the organization was being persecuted in being accused of terrorist activity. It is also known that only one or two of the wrecking crew have a complete knowledge of the facts of a ride, that frequently the minor members of the crew are kept in ignorance of the purpose of the ride and in ignorance even of the identity of the victim or victims.

8. REASONS FOR GRAND JURY

POSSIBILITY LOSS OF PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN FBI IF NO ACTION

If the results of this investigation in Orange County are not at some time in the future made the subject of some judicial action to impress upon the public that the Klan and Klansmen cannot operate indefinitely in violation of law and order, the public's confidence in Federal law enforcement and in this Bureau will be reduced to nil. The Bureau's unique position as enjoyed throughout the country, receiving and expecting to receive full cooperation from the general public, will have had a definite setback which could not be remedied in any way thereafter because of the profound effect on the public. If some concrete governmental action is not taken there is a definite possibility that Klansmen might attempt some retaliation in Orange County if an agent of the Bureau can ever be placed in a position where he can be framed or compromised. Of course, the Klansmen in Orange County would never cease to ridicule the Bureau and agents of this Bureau. It is reasonable to expect that the cooperation of the ordinary citizen in Orange County in future investigation conducted by this Bureau would be severely effected. It is also possible that whereas in the past few months terrorist activity on the part of the Klan has been non-existent, if no final judicial action is taken as a result of instant investigation, there is reason to believe that the Klan will have "an open season" in Orange

County. Actually, as far as the Bureau is concerned, there is no other agency which could in any way have rut such a damper on Klan activities as presently exists.

In view of the length of this investigation with no action to date against Klansmen or the Klan in Orange County, the victims, decent cooperative citizens, and informants who have been furnishing information as a patriotic duty have expressed concern over the lack of Federal prosecutive action indicating that they have a suspicion that after all, maybe the Klan has come out on top and is as ever the ruling force in the community.

ADVANTAGES OF FEDERAL GRAND JURY

The results of this investigation contain a tremendous amount of information about the Klan and various Klansmen which could be used by the Federal Grand Jury in Orange County in interrogating witnesses, cossible subjects and suspects who, as has been stated previously in this memorandum, would be perfectly willing to tell the truth to a Grand Jury under the misguided belief that the Federal Grand Jury has no jurisdiction to return an indictment based on the information they were furnishing. The mere fact of receiving a subpoens to appear before a Federal Frand Jury would lead the Klansmen to believe that the FBI has a good deal more information than they could reasonably expect. Actually, the Elansmen believe the FPI is bluffing and that they (the FBI) cannot tie the klansmen in on the atrocities even discounting the question of jurisdiction. When agents of this Pureau have advised Illansmen that they have been identified in terrorist activities and that there are signed statements in evidence to the effect, the Wansmen merely say that the agents insult their intelligence by saring such a thing, adding that if the agents have such information they might as well go to court on it. Invariably agents have warned the mmerous Mansmen interviewed that there might be a Federal Grand Jury before which they might be called to testify. These Klansmen would virtually dare the consideration by the Federal Grand Jury, apparently confident that nothing would ever come of it.

If a Federal Grand Jury is convened in Orange County to consider the possible Civil Rights violations on the part of certain law enforcement officers in Orange County and possible conspiracy on the part of Klansmen with these law enforcement officials and certain Federal violations on the part of individual Klansmen, it would in effect impress upon the citizens of that county and the Klansmen the fact that there is finally and ultimately an authority greater than the Klan under whose cloak the Klansmen are hiding and perpetrating atrocities.

9. DISADVANTAGES IN THIS INVESTIGATION

To compound the difficulties of this investigation there is a situation existing wherein the people in the South are not in sympathy with the United States Government's Civil Rights policies. While the majority of Klansmen or southerners would not beat or mistreat persons either black or white without just cause, the fact remains that they are reluctant to have any part in furnishing information which would tendto assist the Government in its Civil Rights or Fair Deal program. As far as the killing of HARRY MOORE is concerned, whereas many Klansmen or ordinary citizens abhor the idea of blowing him up, they are not surprised it happened or sorry it happened because they believe MOORE brought it on himself. HARRY MOORE went too far insofar as the average southerner is concerned. The average person is not in a frame of mind to go out of his way to assist in the solution of the MOORE case. There is another angle which many persons interviewed have taken in which they state that some of the floggings which the Klan has perpetrated have had salutary effects on the individual victim where to them there was no other solution or legal recourse. In many cases the citizens of the community believe that the victims have brought the treatment on themselves, had it coming to them, and that the Klan was serving the community. In some instances the victims themselves have told us that they went with the riders without opposition because they felt "they had it coming". Persons interviewed have mentioned that there have been many cases where victims have been drinking too much, mistreating their families, and have reformed after they received their beatings. It should also be noted that the Klansmen will frequently justify a ride by setting up a fictitious set of facts to justify the ride and also to induce other members of the wrecking crew to operate on the ride.

10. SELECTING JURORS IN ORANGE COUNTY

In the event a Grand Jury would be called in Orange County, there would undoubtedly be experienced some difficulty in selecting jurors who

are not now or have been in the past members of the Han in that locality. The total number of Flansmen active at the present time is unknown. However, one individual, T. H. BEIVIN, who was the Exalted Cyclons in 1950, advised that there were from 650 to 200 members in his cyn Crlando Flavern of the AGK. Former Sheriff made the statement that any house that you would knock on in West Crange County you would find a Klansman.

JAMES P. SHAMMON Special Agent **b**6

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FRANK F. MELCH Special Agent

Special Agent

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N.J. FARMERS URGE ACTION. TRUMAN ON FLORIDA

TRENTON, N.J. Jan. 31.—Sup-Harry T. Moore, NAACP leader, port of the New Jersey State As- and his wife, whose home was ed by the officers and staff of the justice.

Eastern Division National Farm- "This murder," the statement

throughout the State and Nation,

sembly's resolution to President bombed on Christmas day. Mr. Truman to act on the Florida kil-Moore's "crime" was to give leadlings and bombings was announc-lership to his people in demanding

ers Union at their January meeting. continues, "is a violation not only Joining with other organizations of human rights, but also of everylincluding church and labor groups, thing American. It is the function of the Division statement expressed the government to protect its citiprror at the brutal murder of zens from violence. A terror-ridden people has no place in Ameri-

> All members of the Farmers Union are being urged to request the use of every Federal law-enforcement agency to hunt the guilty and see that they are punished.

> Particular commendation was expressed for action of Assemblyman Edward T. Bowsor, Sr. and Samuel Saiber for the placing of this resolution on the New Jersey legislative floor.

> A memorial meeting for Mr. and Mrs. Harry Moore, murdered by Anti-Negro racists in Florida, will be held by the Williamsburg Committee to Protect Minorities, Feb. 13, 8.30 p.m. at Charles Mansion, 105 Montrose Ave., Brooklyn. Speakers will include Rep. Victor L. Anfuso, (-B'klyn); A. A. Aiello, of the Williamsburg. American. Legion post and Helen Fichtenbaum, chairman of the committee.

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May 16, 1952

Director, FBIRECORDED - 65

(44-4118) UNKNOWN SUBJECTS HARRY T. MOORE, etal. - VICTIMS CIVIL RIGHTS

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of the Association of Georgia Klans and the Associated Georgia Klans of the Ku Klux Klan in the State of Florida, who resides at Wildwood, Florida, has advised Special Agents of this Bureau who are working on this case that he had received several complaints from Klansmen to the effect that the Federal Bureau of Investigation appears to be investigating the Klan under the guise of solving the case pertaining to the victims. He continued that as a result of these complaints the Association of Georgia Klans has taken up a collection, from several unnamed loyal Klansmen, of about \$2,500, which fund is being used to pay for the services of three private investigators. These investigators have been hired for the purpose of learning who, if anyone, in the Klan is connected with the killing of the victims or any terrorist activities in the Orlando-Winter Garden-Apopka area. stated the only persons who are aware of the identities of these investigators are himself and a Florida State's Attorney whose name he refused to divulge. He also refused to identify the investigators.

stated that in the future he may make available to the Bureau the results of the investigation being conducted by these three investigators. Contact will be maintained to determine if he will at a later date furnish any with information in this case or regarding Klan activities an meneral.

The foregoing data is furnished for your information and it may be that you will desire that be submoenaed at some future date when a Federal Grand Jury is considering this and other related cases. REGIVED-HAPIL ROOM -

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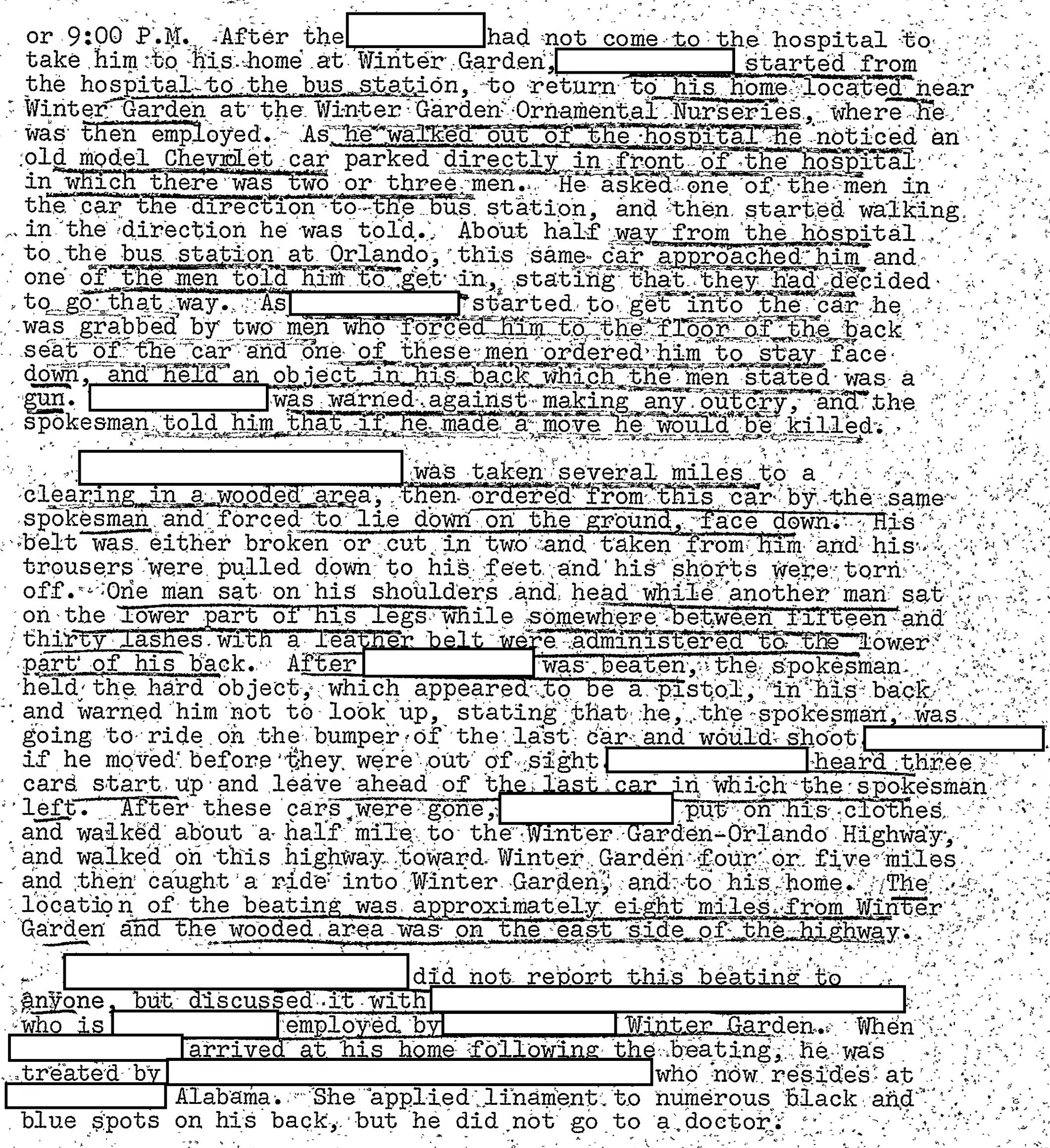
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORT MADE AT DATE WHEN PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	ADE REPORT MADE BY
MOBILE 5-10-52 5/6, 7/52	JOHN W. LILL, JR.:bja
TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; HARRY T. MOORE, HARRIETT MOORE (deceased) - VICTIMS	CIVIL RIGHTS
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	7-
	Garden, Florida in fall y several unknown persons to leave Winter Carden
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DETAILS: AT MIDLAND CITY,	was
contacted May 7th, 1952, at which time beaten very severely by a group of unk he resided at Winter Garden, Florida i	nown persons at the time
related the following acco	unt of the beating:
went to Orlando, Florida w	to visit
to undergo an operation	arter Hospital at Orlando went on to the hospital were to attend to some busines the lat about 8:30
PPROVED AND SPECIAL AGENT FORWARDED. IN CHARGE 41	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES RECORDED - 55
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`4-Miami (44-270) (1-USA, Tampa) 2-Mobile (44-175)	EX. 106
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			claimed he did not know the
1	identit	v.of anv of the individuals	who participated in the beating,
, -	and tha	The reason was given by an	ny of the group for the beating.
	0n v or	ne man out of the group did.	any talking and he was not able
	to reco	penize this man's voice. He	and correspond to a constant the management of the contraction of the
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74# k	stated		5 With
	ouring.	the summer of 1948. While	being courted by
is the first	end ♦ New Year	l in Alabama, and while visi	ting, married who
\$	<u> Lives o</u>		llabama. He stated that
		made a trip from Winter Ga	irden to Alabama to see
Ç.	and lea	rned that she was married.	then returned to Winter Garden,
, e ·	very mu	ich peeved at the	family.
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, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			stated that he believes
* ম. :	bo <u>th</u>	were	in the group of men, but he did
-	not see	them or have any direct kn	low-ledge or information that they
اً و به مراب	were in	i the group. He stated that	, as it was very dark that night
	he was	unable to identify any of t	he men, and that he could not
~	describ	e them, except to state that	it the men who forced him to ride
nž	on the	floor-board of the car were	big men. After
, ·	had rem	larked that only one man of	this group did any of the talking,
	he said	that one person other than	the spokesman made a comment
_	about h		too much and neglecting his
	family.	He said he did not recogn	lize the voice of either person.
***	He said	that while he was being be	aten, that the spokesman told him
	to leav	e Florida and go back from	where he came, that he was not
**	wanted	in that community. He said	they gave no reason for the
.	beating		
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		ه ۱	stated that he had, two or
	three w	reeks before that time been	approached, while he was at his
.	home, b	v a man of large build who	came to his house at night and
i de Landon e Landon e			end, had sent for
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_	vears o	f age weighed approximatel	y 200 pounds, and was about
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after this i	ncident a car drove up in front of hishome and that two	s.
	me on the porch and asked for a flash light, stating	- -
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	trouble with their car. He stated he told these men	- 'acl
<u>he did not h</u>	ave a flash light, after which they asked for matches.	÷ • •
-	believes these men had no need for the flash light or	
	were trying to get him away from his home. He in-	- 4 - 9
		, 4
	d the screen door locked, but that there was a small	
	screen. He handed a penny box of matches, through	. **
this hole in	the screen, to one of the men. At this point one of	4.4
the men grab	bed his armand started to pull him through the screen	
door but	wife saw what was happening and shouted out	ا ت
	. They then let go and ran to the car.	•
Un albamad h	e did not know these men and could not describe them.	
		, . ,
	to say they were both about thirty five years of age,	, ,
` and were med	ium in build and height. He said he did not observe	
the car.		~ <u>.</u>
	said further that	
	advised him that a man by the name of	- # - - # - #
in the second of		in the second
	ten by a group of men at Winter Garden about this same	s 94 c
time, and the		
accused him o	f being in the group of men that whipped him.	e de la company
		en (m.) Na
	He said that he knew nothing further concerning	
athir a matta	and did not desire to furnish a written statement as he	rafiller t
		Kare Sale
*	report of the offense and did not want to become involved	
	oup again. He stated he was not contacted by, or	14 Sept. 18
threatened b	y anyone after the beating.	
		" ,
	Following is a description of	**************************************
	as obtained from interview and observation:	
	as opposition it out trioct area directopser agording	, s
	Name	
	Race	1 K
	Residence	18
	Date of Birth ()	* **
	Place Africation	34
		- m
	HAD ONT.	12.
-		·
	Weight	•
	Weight Build	k
	Weight Build Complexion	· · · · · · · ·
	Weight Build Complexion	**
	Weight Build Complexion Hair	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Weight Build Complexion Hair	
	Weight Build Complexion Hair Eyes Wife	
	Weight Build Complexion Hair Eyes Wife Occupation	

-REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN-

- ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE -

LEADS

MIAMI DIVISION

	AT WINTER GARDEN, FLORIDA	
	Will determine from	who
is employed	for if he has infor	mation ·
concerning_	the identity of individuals who participated in	n the
beating of [in the fall.	of. 1948.
	Will determine from	the
identity of	the man named who allegedly reported to	
	that he had been beaten, and cause to be	inter-
REFERENCE:	Report of SA 4/29/5	2, at
	Miami.	W. A. C.

Director, FBI (44-3036) 3

UNKNOWN SUBJECT;
HARRY T. MOORE, etal,
VICTIM - GIVIL RIGHTS,
GONSPIRACY;

FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.

In connection with the investigation of this, and related bombing incidents in the State of Florida, it has been determined that a number of present or past members of the Kurklux Klan may have violated Section 1001, Title 18, USC, in that they did not reveal their Klan membership or arrest record on their applications for Federal employment. This matter has been taken up with the Department and a report received that all such possible violations should be so investigated with a view to prosecution.

Investigatio	n in the abo	ove caption	ed case has	A A
determined that		has bee	n employed as	â,
from F	ebruary 16,	1943, to t	he present tir	ne
at the 0	rlando, Floi	rida. A se	arch of the	
general indices of th	e Bureau ref	flects that	a "Request fo	or
report on lovalty dat	a". standard	d form 84.	dated January	19,
1948. was received by	the Bureau	from the I	ost Office De	<u>par</u> t-
ment, Washington, D.	C. This for	<u>rm reflec</u> ts	that	
was born	_ at	Gĕ	orgia, and wa	S
employed as	by the Uni	ted States	Post Office	
Service, at Orlando,	Florida, in	February,	1943.	"y" :

Investigation by the Miami Division has determined that is a member of the Ku Klux Klan; however, it is noted that he joined the Klan subsequent to 1845. His personnel file at Orlando reveals that he has novel executed an affidavit to the effect that he has not been a member of any organization which has adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts will force and violence to deny persons their rights under the Constatution. He did execute an Anti-Communist affidavit.

It is desired that the Walkington Field Office immediately contact the appropriate officials of the Fost Office Department and the Civil Service Commission to determine whether Everett may have executed any affidavit

cc: 2 Miami (44-256)

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in which he might possibly violate Section 1001, Title 18. In the event a possible violation is indicated, four copies of statements filed, or testimony given, should be obtained, two copies for Miami, (one copy being designated for the United States Attorney.) Surep by May 23.

If the foregoing investigation develops a possible violation of Section 1001, Title 18, the Miami Division should interview him in this regard and obtain a signed statement and, thereafter, prepare a prosecutive summary report similar to those previously prepared in this matter.

Mohr Tele Rm.

Gandy

	The state of the s	
₩.	b6	Mr. Tolson
	37 N 8 1959	Mr. Ladd
1 8		Mr. Nichols Mr. Edmont
		Mr. Clegg
Min	A TELETYPE	Mr. Glavin
		Mr. Earbo
	$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{A}}$	Mr. Tracy
		Mr. Laughlin
		Mr. Mohr
	ntnramon ret	Tele. Room
		Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy
	UNSUBS, HARRY T. MOORE, ET AL, VICTIMS, CR. REBUTEL MAY SEV	FMIASTA
	CONCERNING INVESTIGATION REVEALS	1/95
	EMPLOYED AS FROM FEBRUARY SIXTEEN, NINETEEN F	ORTY-
	THREE TO DATE AT ORLANDO COMPLETE REVIEW HIS PERSONELL	FILE
	REVEALS HE HAS NEVER EXECUTED ANY AFFIDAVIT TO EFFECT HE IS	NOT OR HAS
	NEVER BEEN A MEMBER OF ANY ORGANIZATION WHICH HAS ADOPTED A	POLICY OF
	ADVOCATING OR APPROVING THE COMMISSION OF ACTS OF FORCE AND	VIOLENCE
4	TO DENY OTHER PERSONS THEIR RIGHTS UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.	ONLY.
	AFFIDAVIT HE EVER EXECUTED WAS ANTI COMMUNIST AFFIDAVIT. NO	INDICATION
	IS IN VIOLATION SECTION ONE THOUSAND ONE, TITLE EIGH	TEEN, USC.
	ARRANGEMENTS BEING MADE TO INTERVIEW IN CONNECTION W	ITH
	INSTANT CASE. PECODO	
	WALL DO 1	
	END MAY 123 1952	
	ACK AND HOLD PLS . ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, IS UNCLASSIFIED TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O	
	9-00 PM OK FBI WA MIM DATE / - 27-12 BY SPY COUNTY	

Office Memorandum united states government Director, FBI (44-4188) DATE: May 26, 1952 SAC, Birmingham (44-244) UNKNOWN SUBJECTS: ALL INFORMATION COMMETTED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-2-82
BY SPYEDULAND HARRY T. MOORE, ET AL - VICTIMS CIVIL RIGHTS CONSPIRACY FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT ReBulet 5-16-52. For the information of the Bureau and the Miami Office, PCI has been contacted regarding his availability concerning instant case. He advises that his previous commitments will permit his departure on or about June 2: 1952. feels that he has an entree in that area through in that vicinity, which have been active in Klan activities in the past. presently lives in Florida, is an established resident of that area, and has been in business there 30 years. I feel that if we have make such a trip we ought to pay him a minimum of per month to cover the cost of transportation; the use of his car and other incidental expenses involved. Of course, if he is successful in the solution of the case, then additional payments should be made to him. has furnished a great deal of information to this office regarding the Klan activities. He has been very cooperative and I feel having had such a that he is a natural for conducting an investigation in an underground capacity along these lines. JEM:rlg cc: 66-1583 cc: Miami (44-270) AIR MAIL

June 4, 1952

SAC, HIAMI

URGENT PERSONAL ATTENTION

UNSUBS, HARRY T. MOORE, ET AL, VICTIMS, CR.	RELET MAY
TWENTYSIX, BIRMINGHAM. FURNISH YOUR PERSONA	L RECOMMENDATION
CONCERNING THE USE OF	AS AN INFORMANT b7
IN THIS CASE IN FLORIDA, PARTICULARLY WHETHE	RHISUSE IS
WORTHWHILE AT THIS TIME.	

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44-4118 -) (

2-cc: BIRMINGHAM (ЦЦ-2ЦЦ) - By Regular Mail

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HIS CASE ORIGINATED AT	IMAIM		FILE NO.	
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN PERIOD FO	OR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY	
NORFOLK		4/52	MARVIN E. STEFFE	N hms
TITLE			CHARACTER OF CASE	
UNKNOWN SUBJECTS		֓֞֞֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	CTTTT TOTALISMA	
HARRY T. MOORE, HARR VICTIMS	TELL MOOUR (Geces	45eu) -	CIVIL RIGHTS	
		-3 -4 -		
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	Informant stat	tes	• • • <u>•</u>	
	whil	le in compa	ny with	1
Took not		b +	d by hooded men	b7D
	And the second s	And the second of the second o	f the Ku Klux Klan nen were recognize	
CCRM	including	POT OT OTE		
		e ₁ e e	ALL INFORMATION OF THE HERETN IS INC	TASSTFIED A
		- RUC -	DATE 1/-24-	LASSIFIED BY SPECE
DETAILS:	T-1 of inknor	woreliabile	ity, stated that i	
	May of 1944 or		whose	
father was in jail a	nd who was about	15 years o	f age, was associa	
- ' <u></u>	And the party of t	-	and whose reputati	and the second control of the second control
was not too good, as authorities; that	evidenced by an	<u>extensive</u> :		ange County
	had been or were	e going bat.	were with hing in a lake whe	n two cars.
apparently containing	g Ku Klux Klan-me	embers, dro	ve by them and	
yelled at them or cu	rsed them and the	e cars cont	aining these men s	
individuals who were	hooded returned	, told the	to	keep on going,
and the hooded men to them with orange bra	nen took the two	1	<u>ipped</u>	nere they whipped who recognized
him as he had been	TIOTION .	+ 344	ough she had scars	
from the whipping, t		eceived wa	s not nearly as se	vere as that
received by	from an 1	unidentifie	d individual.	
	The man of the case	form model a so	ninian that this	
because several men			pinion that this w	
to stop associating	with each other a	and had par	ticularly tried to	impress upon
that s	he was not keepir	ig proper c	ompany, and that s	he should stop
associating with peo	ple like			El C
APPROVED AND	SPECIAL GENT			
FORWARDED CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	- CAMPAGE	11112	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	IRECODA
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3 - Bureau (44-4118)		74 (333)		10° 30 b6
4 - Miami (44-270)(1 2 - Norfolk (44-34)	-USA, Tampa)	Section 1	(5)	b7
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Mad Imman D	D. Marie Ville			
icc that IIIII Than	UK-012215-1	12/18/2		F Diomolouses and a
PROPERTY OF FBI-THIS CONFIDENTIAL REGENCY TO WHICH LOANED. A			BY THE FBI AND ARE NOT TO E	F DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE OF
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NF 44-34

The	informant stated that after th	is incident
พูลิธ์ โก	and he apparently	knowing that she had
recognized him, told her	that he was not making any th	reats to her but that
she had better forget the	entire incident. The inform	ant stated that.
although the girls did no	ot see any of the other men to	
did recognize through vo		ates a tavern at
Vinter Garden, FLorida,	and also an individual who was	the Ford dealer at
ander Garden at that the	ne. The informant stated that	being aware of
GCOTATOLES OF THE WINK TO	k Klan in that area these girl	s were very discreet
about discussing this matter	With anyone.	
The	informant stated that one	with
	ss, Georgia, and	with aliases
	have allegedly been beaten	The state of the s
Klan.		
こうだいきょうき プログラス ちゅうこう アンドロン・コード カー・カー・ファイン おおご使える アフ・オ	informant also stated that it	rando de la companio
	wanted the ku Klux Klan for a	
contact	but that he does not go on a	ny "rides" with them
any more.		

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN

NF 44-34

ADMINISTRATIVE

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Information obtained from this interview was furnished to the Bureau and the Miami Office by letter dated April 17, 1952.

TN FORMANT

REFERENCE

Miami letter to Bureau dated April 17, 1952 Norfolk letter to Bureau dated April 17, 1952 SAC, Louisville (44-57)

May 23, 1952

Director, FBI (44-4118)

UNKNOWN SUBJECTS
HARRY T. MOORE, et al - VICTIMS
CIVIL RIGHTS
CONSPIRACY
FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT
RECORDED 58
Rerep SA 76seph H. R. St. Pierre dated May 16,

In connection with the investigation of this and related bombing incidents in the State of Florida, it has been determined that a number of present or past members of the Ku Klux Klan may have violated Section 1001, Title 18, USC, in that they did not reveal their Klan membership or arrest record on their applications for Federal employment. This matter has been taken up with the Department and a reply received that all such possible violations should be so investigated with a view to prosecution.

of the United States Army, has admitted being a former member of the Ku Klux Klan, it may be that he has violated Section 1001, Title 18, in not revealing this prior Klan membership at the time he executed various affidavits or loyalty questionnaire for his entry into the Army. The Louisville Division should immediately determine whether executed any personal history statements, etc., in which he was asked whether he was a member of any organization which has adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts of force and violence to deny persons their rights under the Constitution. It is to be noted that the Ku Klux Klan has been cited as an organization advocating such policy.

In the event a possible violation is indicated four copies of statements filed by should be obtained, two copies for the Bureau and two copies for Mami (one

cc: (1) Miami (44-271)

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Rosen
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SAC, Louisville

copy being designated for the United States Attorney). It is also desired that a signed statement be obtained from concerning his date of entry into the Wian, Klan activities and when he quit attending Klan meetings. In the event a violation of Section 1001, Title 18, is indicated he should also be questioned concerning such violation which information should be included in the signed statement.

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Belieont
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Olavin
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

The state of the s

PORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY	5/16/52	5/13/52	JOSEPH H. R. ST. PIERRE lsj
LE	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CHARACTER OF CASE
UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; HARRIETT MOORE -	_	OORE, ceased)	CIVIL RIGHTS
NOPSIS'OF FACTS:	-	¥	Total and the state of the stat
- 4		denies parti	icipation in attempts to
		or wh <u>ite persons</u> f	for purpose of taking
	em for a "r		essed no knowledge of
ter the		ivities on part of	
			im that "he was going to
		f this person or o	o information relative
DS Tfmat	THE STATE OF THE S		
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,	į	dentified, by	as KLANSMEN.
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	- •	-RUC-	EXPEDITE PROCESS
DETAILS: n On	reintervie		ASN,
Law Cor			atry Battalion, Third
Arr	nored Divis	ion. Fort Knox. Ke	entucky, reiterated that
he tawn who have	joined the	Apopka, Florida,	Klan in 1948 and stated that
he	may have a	ttended as many as	s ten meetings prior/to his
Ao]	untary dis	affiliation.	
	ISTATED	that he did noting	articinate with BILL BOGAR,
Or v	rith any oti	her persons in an	attempt to locate anyone.
^L [¬] ¬■L		ake them for a "ri	
knowing all of the	foregoing	individuals with	the exception of
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The same of the sa			
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ROVED AND	SPECIAL AG	FNT I	
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CORIES OF THIS.REP	ORT		INDEXED
Bureau	•	5.5.5.7.	
3 - Miami (44-271)		ami) 10 MAY	
2 - Louisville (44	<u>1</u> →57)		
<i>A</i>	, .		
100 m	i		

IS 44-57

stated that he and his wife formerly occupied a
Duplex Apartment in Apopka in which
another apartment and that sometime in 1949 after to
his Klan affiliations, told him that he was going to "got" a men
boated that he did not indiline, as to the idealists of its
WEW IIO ODUCIOLIJOH HIS TUMHILIJA TYYYM GYYY AMBAMA A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
he could provide no information relative to the results of
Stated that
or aposon as the time he made the statement "going to get a man" indicated
of nime that probably intended to do hodily have to the new con-
ne was going out to "get." Insisted that he could provide no funtle-
information regarding this incident.
stated that he had no knowledge relative to terrorist
If I R wo carried to the part of the IntV/Killy Kian in Biomide of her flore
Tabout incluents in the local newspapers which were attributed to kien
activities.
stated that since he was last interviewed regarding
mis mian accivities he had recalled the following individuals as addi
tional Klan members who attended the 1948 meetings:
University of Florida,
home address Apopka, Florida.
Apopka, Florida
stated further that although he does not recall seeing
Klan member as late as 1949 and that he had heard from some unidentified source that
Apopka, Florida, was also a
member in 1948.
again denied knowledge of Klan
membership or activities and stated that may have attended the 1948 meetings but that he could not recall seeing at the meetings
nor had he ever heard from any source that was a member of the Klan.

IS 44-57

Inasmuch as the office of origin may have information regarding the above individuals, the setting forth of leads to have them interviewed is being left to the descretion of that office.

-REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE DFFICE OF ORIGIN-

LS 44-57

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

REFERENCE

Louisville report of SA JOSEPH H. R. ST. PIERRE, dated 3/20/52.

Miami teletype to Louisville dated 5/8/52.

DIRECTOR, FRI (141-4118) UNKNOWN SUBJECTS. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINING HARRY TUMORE, MY AL-VICTIMS. HERETN IS UNCLASSIFIED OF BYSIL OF BYSI CIVIL RIGHTS CONSPIRACY. FRAUD AGATHST THE GOVERNMENT Rourtel March 13, 1952, indicating that a potential informant of your office, may possibly be available after May 6, 1952, to go to Orlando, Florida, area in an effort to develop information concerning this case. The Bureau should be advised regarding the availability of and your recommendation in this regard. CO: MIAMI (44-270) RECORDED 7 1/1/2 1952

MAY 16, 1952

SAC, BIRMINGHAM (44-244)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

EPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY	-
WASHINGTON, D. C.	5/23/52	5/23/52	MARVIN C. EVANS	MCE:BW
UNKNOWN SUBJECTIM HARRY T. MOORE VICTIM		Ť -	CIVIL RIGHTS, COI FRAUD AGAINST THI	NSPIRACY;
YNOPSIS OF FACTS:		3		b6 .b7C
temport of	gations Div Investigati Washington	concerning vision, CSC, Wash ion at Post Office , D. C., revealed	e Department,	
1 cc of the	records con Orlando, Fl	-	located at	- -
		- RUC - AI HI	L INFORMATION CO CREIN IS UNCLASSI ATE 12 B	NTAINED FIED (Selector)
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	following in	D. C. nvestigation was	conducted by Speci.	al Agent
The Civil Service	following in Commission,	,	conducted by Special Investigations Directly files of the Investigation	vision,
Civil Service Division cont	following in Commission, ained no reco	advised that the] Investigations Di	vision, stigations
Civil Service Division cont The Personnel, Romation in her	Commission, ained no reconsting in distance concentrated March in distance concentrating	advised that the ord concerning nvestigation was erning is 10, 1952. She st	Investigations Directles of the Inve	vision, stigations liter: Post Office ly infor- itorious onnel
Civil Service Division cont The Personnel, Romation in her pay increase records conce at Orlando, F	Commission, ained no reconsting in distance concentrated March in distance concentrating	advised that the ord concerning was described by the order of the orde	Investigations Divided the Investigations Divided the Investigations Divided the Investigations of the Investigation of the Investiga	vision, stigations liter: Post Office ly infor- itorious onnel
Civil Service Division cont The Personnel, Romation in her pay increase records conce at Orlando, Forwarded: PROVED AND ORWARDED: PROVED AND ORWARDED:	Commission, ained no recommon upon the concession of the concessio	advised that the ord concerning was described by the order of the orde	Investigations Distributed the Investigations of the Investigations of the Investigations of the waste and the original personal	vision, stigations riter: Post Office ly infor- itorious onnel er
Civil Service Division cont The Personnel, Romation in her pay increase records conce	Commission, ained no reconstant following in office concedated March rning lorida. Special Agent In Charter of the Charter of	advised that the ord concerning was described by the order of the orde	Investigations Distributed the Investigations of the Investigations of the Investigations of the waste and the original personal	vision, stigations liter: Post Office ly infor- itorious onnel

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WFO LIL-140

further advised that there is nothing in the Post Office Department files concerning an investigation of loyalty.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

WFO 44-140

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

REFERENCE:

Bureau letter to Washington Field Office dated May 20, 1952.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM No. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

FILE NO.

MIAMI MAY 3 1 1952 MARKOUN SUBJECTS; HARRY To MOORE, HARRITT MOORE, HARRITT MOORE (deceased) - VIOTTES MARKOUN SUBJECTS; HARRY To MOORE, HARRITT MOORE, HARRITT MOORE (deceased) - VIOTTES SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Additional Klansmen allged by information to have been participants in various klan terrorist activities reinterviewed. Each demied participation and declined to furnish any information of value to instant investigation. Markormants recontacted, furnished no additional information not previously reported. Mrs. ROSA TROON EXCIBE. Mother of victim HARRY T. MOORE, reinterviewed and furnished little or no information of value. Mins. Fla., stated he visited MOORE home 12-24-51, on business. Could furnish mothing of value to instant investigation. Remediate by the country of the coun			" WTWMT		<i>f</i> ,			T T	*
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TEM: egh MM 44-270

DETAILS:	The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent and the writer.	
The falleged particing informants.	ollowing Klansmen were reinterviewed concerning their pation in various terrorist activities as described by	*
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Klansmen who we following the a	was named by as being one of the nt to Groveland during the disturbances in that area lleged rape of a Lake County white woman by four negroes.	
	was reinterviewed on May 9, 1952, at which time he nied having participated in any activities at Groveland.	
He st Klan with the F	ated he did not care to discuss anything more about the BI.	
	Plymouth, Florida	
Groveland during rape of a Lake chase of the med florida, to Orlain August, 1949 in a sign participated in who had alleged	in a "ride" involving a negro man who had been "sassing"	, y
	interview May 10, 1952, denied each of the above did state that during the trial of the alleged rapists	

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at Tavares during August, 1949 he had gone to Tavares on two or three occasions after work hours. He explained his purpose in going to Tavares during the trial was purely to learn what was occurring during the trial and stated his trips had absolutely no connection with his Klan membership or any connection with Klan activities. He said he was merely curious and interested in the progress being made during the trial and as to whether or not the colored rapists were convicted.

j	b6 b70 b71
implicated in the "ride" involving one about the middle of 1949 in a signed statement dated April 22, 1952. According to was a participant in both the burning of near Apopka and the subsequent search for who eluded the searchers and thus avoided a beating.	
was reinterviewed on May 10, 1952, at which time he specifically denied having participated in the above described incidents. He claimed never to have heard of anyone by the name of other than his own family.	n
He declined to discuss the matter any further. Winter Garden, Florida	
in a signed statement dated April 4, 1952, identi- fied as a person having been involved in an attempted beating of one sometime around the middle of 1949 at Apopka, Florida.	
also identified as possible having been involved in an incident wherein a group of Klansmen attempted to locate an unnamed white man in Winter Garden, Florida, for the purpose of taking him on a "ride".	
was also identified by in a signed state- ment dated April 22, 1952, as being one of a group of Klansmen partici- pating in the chase of an NAACP attorney and other colored persons from Tavares, Florida, to Orlando, Florida, following the rapists! trial at Tavares in August, 1949. This case was commonly referred to as the Grove- land Case.	•

TEM: egh MM 44-270 b6 b7C b7D Lwas reinterviewed May 8, 1952, at which time he denied specifically and categorically ever having been involved in the above described incidents or any other terrorist activities of the Klan. He refused to discuss the matter any further at the time of this interview. Winter Garden, Florida was reported by in a signed statement dated April 2, 1952, to have participated with other Klansmen during 1943 in the beating of one LUCAS, a white man who allegedly had been Also reported to the Klan as having stated, participated in the beating of a white in 1943 man and woman who were supposed to have been having an illicit affair. was also alleged to have participated in the beating of a white man from Winter Garden, Florida. who was alleged to have been neglectalso participated in the ing his family. According to beating of a negro in the latter part of 1943 or 1944. This man supposedly had cursed or had an altercation with a white man. In addition to these, was reported by to have acted as the "finger man" in the beating of a white man during 1945, the latter allegedly having Former Orange County Sheriff advised that had been identified by a white woman and her daughter as being one of the individuals who beat them near Clarcona, Florida. advised that was one of the Klansmen who traveled to Groveland, Florida, during the disturbances there following the alleged rape of a Lake County white woman by four negroes. was reinterviewed May 8, 1952, at which time he stated there was no use to go over any more ground concerning Klan activities as he had told everything he knew in previous interviews. He specifically

denied having been involved in any of the above described incidents and

refused to discuss these and other Klan activities.

TEM:egh MM 44-270

Winter Garden, Florida
in a signed statement dated March 19, 1952,
involved in an incident wherein several Klansmen beat a
who lived in or near Ocoee, Florida. was a
fat woman alleged to have been drinking heavily, going out with
men and neglecting her children. She was beaten in a small grove
near Winter Garden and subsequently returned to within a short dis-
tance of her home in Ocoee.
was reinterviewed on May 13, 1952, at which time he
specifically denied having been involved in the above described inci-
dent. In addition, he stated he had never heard of such an incident.
He stated he had given all the information about the Klan
in his possession at the time of his previous interviews. He noted
that he had not been active in the Klan until he had gotten out of
the Army during May, 1946 and even then he had attended only one or
two meetings. He stated he had sought to reactivate himself purely
for political reasons but that he had found people in the Klan he did
not care to associate with and he had therefore had nothing more to
do with the Klan after having attending those one or two meetings.
Sanford, Florida
in a signed statement dated and a local
in a signed statement dated April 2, 1952, in- volved in a Klan "ride" wherein a white wickim who lived in
1.15 or or of the state of the
across from him, was beaten. This man was alleged to be a heavy
were alleged by to have gotten the man out of his house and
into the car. He was taken to a citrus grove on the east side of Lake
Apopka and severely beaten. He was left there to walk home.
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was reinterviewed on May 13, 1952, at which time he informed Agents that he had never heard of any such thing and that he certainly had never been involved in anything like that.

He declined to discuss the matter further and refused to furnish any additional information about the Klan.

·Eustis, Florida
in a signed statement dated April 22, 1952, claime had requested a group of Klansmen from Orange County to go over to Groveland, Florida. "because something was going to happen there" in July, 1949. also claimed he heard that burned some of the negro houses in the Mascotte area just outside Groveland following the alleged rape of a Lake County white woman by four negroes.
was interviewed on May 10, 1952. At the time he made it quite clear he would not disclose any of the names of individuals who were Klansmen and he did not intend to disclose any Klan secrets because of the oath he had taken as a Klansman.
Concerning the allegation that he had requested Klansmen from Orange County to go to Groveland, stated that the Law had called the Klan in to protect the alleged rapists from Lake County citizens. When questioned specifically regarding the persons responsible for the "calling of the Law" declined to elaborate or give any information as to the identity of such persons.
readily admitted having been present at Groveland im- mediately after the apprehension of the alleged rapists and that he was present there for the purpose of protecting them from the Lake

However, he specifically denied having had anything to do with the burn-

ing of these houses. He also stated he had no knowledge of the identities

County citizens who were in a very ugly mood. In addition, he stated

of the individuals who had burned the houses although he believed the

he knew that several negro houses in the Mascotte area just outside

Groveland had been burned and recalled seeing them at a later date.

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burnings were done by irate Lake County citizens, probably relatives of the woman who had allegedly been raped.	
some ten years ago. About a year after he joined the Florida Klan	o6 o7C o7D
He stated he had never heard of HARRY T. MOORE prior to the time of MOORE's death and the only knowledge he had of MOORE or the bombing was that which had appeared in the public press.	
Throughout the interview reiterated a number of times that the ideals of the Klan are of the highest type and he personally does not believe that any Klan member would resort to any act of violence.	
Apopka, Florida	
In a signed statement dated April 4, 1952, involved in the beating of one around the middle of 1949. allegedly was implicated in both incidents concerning He also implicated in the "ride" wherein a negro was picked up off the streets in Apopka. He was subsequently beaten in a citrus grove nearby and while being beaten ran off. This negro was supposedly "sassing" white women. also implicated in the chase of the negro NAACP attorney and	
other colored people from Tavares, Florida, to Orlando, Florida, im- mediately following the closing of the trial of the Groveland Rape	_
was also involved in an attempt to locate a negro man for the purpose of taking him out and whipping him. did not furnish details of	` `
this incident. Also in his statement said that took part	*

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in the besting of a chite man the litted next door to
in the beating of a white man who lived next door to of Apopka. The wife of this man sometime in the summer
of 1950 asked members of the Klan to take him for a "ride". He was
taken to the woods immediately north of Apopka and severely beaten.
in a statement dated April 2, 1952, involved
in the chase of the negro attorney and other colored persons from
Tavares to Orlando as described above.
was reinterviewed May 9, 1952. He specifically
denied involvement in any of the above mentioned incidents. He did
state that he had never heard of the chase of the negro attorney and
other colored persons from Tavares to Orlando.
oniot corrector berriette rrem remember of artenimes
While ostensibly cooperative claimed he had absolutely
no knowledge of any terrorist activities on the part of the Klan and
again stated he had never himself been involved in any terrorist activ-
ity.
ις ση σ
Apopka, Florida
ADODKA, T.TOLTUZ
rwa imrolrod in a atatamant bro
was involved in a statement by dated
April 4, 1952, and by in a statement dated April 22,
1952, in the "ride" involving one the details of which have
been set forth heretofore.
He was involved by in his statement in the chase of the
negro attorney from Tavares to Orlando. involved in
the "ride" involving the white man who lived next door to
in Apopka, the details of which have been set forth above.
stated that was involved in the attempted shooting of one
a CIO organizer of the Crate Mill Employees at Apopka.
also stated that was involved in the "ride" wherein one
who used to work at the Plymouth Exchange at Plymouth, Florida, and
who lived next to was taken for a urideu in either 1949 or 1950.

RES:egh MM 44-270 **b**6 b7D was reinterviewed May 9, 1952, at which time he specifically denied involvement in all of the above described incidents. He again claimed he has never at any time been involved in any terrorist activities. He stated he could offer no explanation whatsoever as to why he had been implicated in these various incidents. He noted that he had not been active in the Klan in any way for approximately the past year and a half. While apparently cooperative in offering any and all assistance he could did not furnish any information of value to instant investigation in addition to that he had previously afforded at the time of the original interview. Winter Garden, Florida in a signed statement dated April 4, in "rides" during 1949 regarding one 1952, implicated who had been reported to the Klan to have ride when a negro man who had been reported to the Klan to have been "sassing" white women and acting smart was beaten, also an additional "ride" when an attempt was made to find a white man in Winter Garden but such efforts to locate the man were unsuccessful; a "ride" on which a neighbor of who was reported to be running around with other women was taken from the porch of his residence during the summer of 1940 by and another Klansman to a waiting automobile where they were joined by other Klansmen and the victim was taken to

b7C

ically denied he had ever participated in any "rides" or terrorist

already afforded all the information he intended affording the FBI,

such information having been afforded in his previous interview.

activities carried out by the Klan. He declined to make any statement

regarding his Klan membership or activities of the Klan, stating he had

was reinterviewed May 8, 1952, and at that time emphat-

a grove and whipped with the "Klan strap".

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The report of the second of th	b6 b7C b7D
was implicated by in a signed statement dated April 4, 1952, as one of the individuals who took part in the "ride" wherein one was sought out unsuccessfully by the Klan for the purpose of beating him. This incident took place sometime during the latter part of 1949.	
On reinterview May 9, 1952. denied specifically having been involved in this affair and again stated he had never been involved in any terrorist activities at any time whatsoever.	
He declined to discuss the Klan and its activities, relying upon his oath as a Klansman.	
Wills & Wills Battery Company 745 West Church Street Orlando, Florida	
stated of the "ride car" wherein one a white man employed by the packing house on the north side of the old Ocoee-Winter Garden Road, east of Winter Garden, Florida, was picked up off the street and taken out and given a beating. was supposed to have of Winter Garden.	*
On interview May 15, 1952 specifically denied having been on this ride and categorically denied having been involved in any affairs, terrorist or otherwise, of the Klan. He specifically stated he was not in the Klan in 1945, at which time the above incident was supposed to have taken place. On further questioning he admitted that FRED BASS (deceased), old-time Klansman, had given him the Klan obligations in an automobile while was chauffeuring BASS to Tampa.	

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	d.
claimed he never attended a single meeting of the Klan and that when BASS gave him the obligation it came to him as a complete surprise because he had never before that time evidenced any interest in the Klan and had never made application to join the Klan.	
He concluded that he knew nothing whatsoever about instant case and, further, that he had no knowledge of any Klan activities in and around Orlando, Florida.	
Apopka, Florida	
APPROXIMATE AND APPROXIMATE APPROXIMATE APPROXIMATE AND APPROXIMATE APPROXIMAT	
in a signed statement dated April 4, 1952, implicated in the following Klan terrorist incidents: a "ride" during 1949 when unsuccessful attempts were made to locate one who had been reported to the Klan for a "ride" involving a negro man who had been reported to the Klan to have been "sassing" white women and "acting smart" and who was picked up in south Apopka and taken out to a grove and whipped, although not severely inasmuch as he broke away and escaped further punishment from his assailants; the chase of the NAACP attorney and some other colored persons by Klansmen following the trial of the alleged rapists at Tavares, Florida, during August, 1949; a "ride" involving a negro man and attempts to locate him were unsuccessful; a "ride" on which attempts were made to locate a white man but such attempts met with failure; a "ride" during July, 1950 during which time efforts were made to locate a white man who was to be whipped but the participants were unable to locate the victim; another "ride" during which time a white man, neighbor of having been reported to the Klan to have been consorting with women, drinking and neglecting his family, was taken to a grove where he was whipped with the "Klan strap".	
in a signed statement dated April 22,	
1952, implicated as the "finger man" of a "ride" during 1949 or 1950 in which a white man named a neighbor of was taken	
out and beaten because this man was not properly supporting his family.	

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b6 was reinterviewed May 9, 1952, and at b7C that time stated he did not believe it would serve any purpose to talk to him any further in regard to his membership, Klan terrorist or other activities. During the interview he emphatically denied he had ever participated in "rides" or other Klan terrorist activities. He declined to make any other statement. Apopka, Florida in his signed statement dated April 4, 1952, implicated in the incident involving one around the latter part of 1949 as described above. was reinterviewed May 9, 1952, at which time he flatly denied having been involved in this or any other incidents and declined to furnish any other information whatsoever. Apopka, Florida in a signed statement dated April 22, 1952, stated that was present at Groveland, Florida, along with a large group of <u>Klansmen</u> immediately after the incident in which four negroes allegedly raped a white woman, commonly known as the Groveland Rape Case. was reinterviewed May 12, 1952, at which time he readily admitted that he had been at Groveland at the time the National Guard had been called out to keep peeco and order in Groveland as a result of the unrest caused by the arrest of the four negroes accused of having raped a white woman. He stated he went there with and He stated he went merely out of curiosity to see what was going on. According to as soon as the citizens

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1952.

appeared to be getting out of hand when the local populace began carrying shotguns and he later heard, source unknown, that they shot through the houses of the negroes in the colored section, he decided to get out of Groveland. He estimated he had been there only about three hours. Stated he could not identify any of the individuals who were carrying on in that manner.
He stated he personally knew of no action taken by any of the Klansmen and that he himself had taken no action of any sort.
Orlando, Florida
in his signed statement dated April 4, 1952, implicated in the Wridew involving one as described above, sometime during 1949.
was reinterviewed May 9, 1952, at which time he denied ever having been on this or any other "rides". He, stated he had nothing further to add to his previous statements and did not wish to discuss the matter further.
Orlando, Florida
was implicated in the "ride" involving one as described above by in his signed statement of April 4,

He stated herfelt there was nothing further to discuss and desired not to continue with the interview.

involved in any terrorist activities.

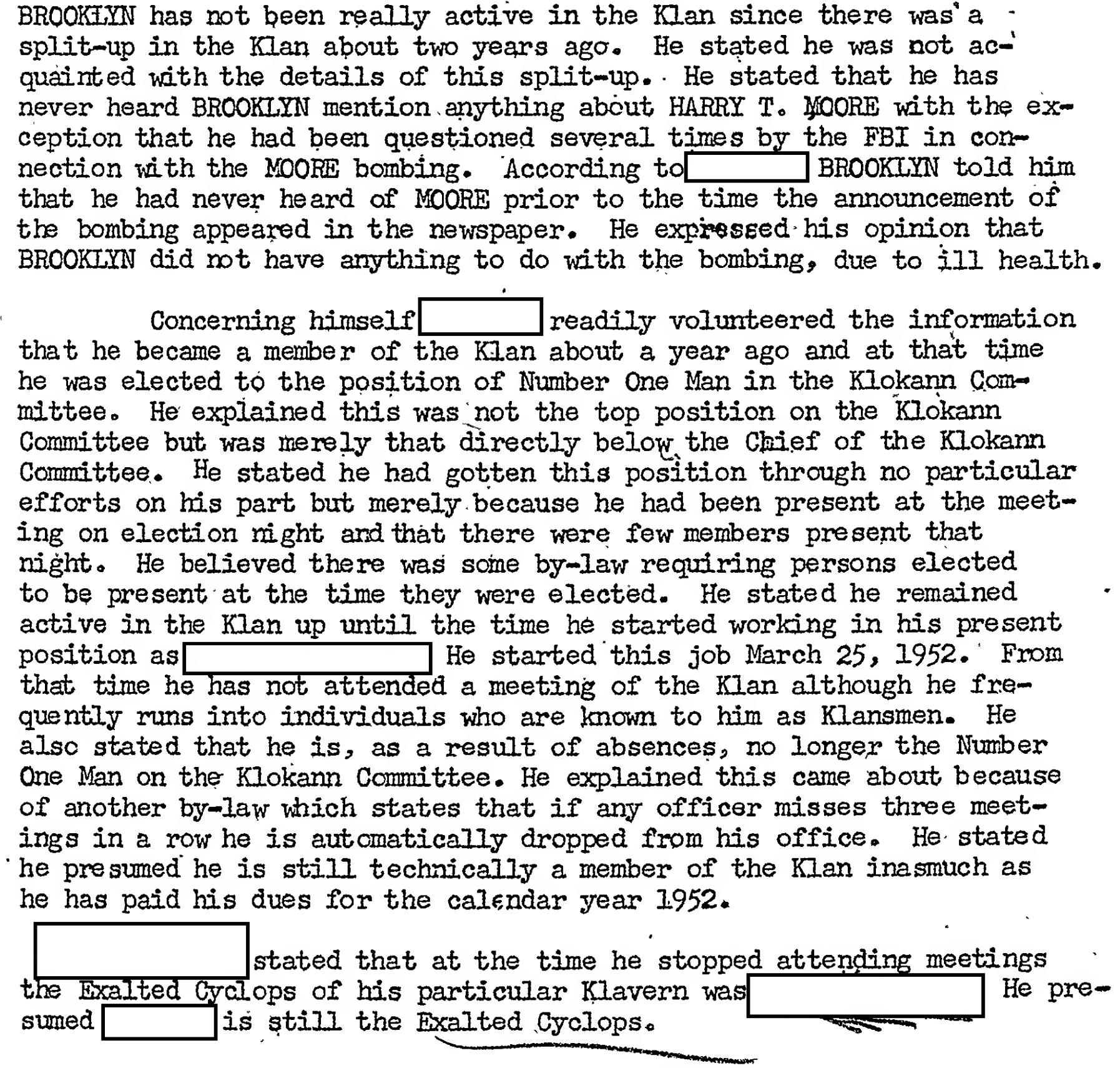
On reinterview May 14, 1952, specifically denied haveing been involved in this incident and further stated he had never been

RES:egh MM 44-270 Orlando, Florida was involved in the "ride" regarding one as **b**6 described above in the signed statement of dated April b7C 4, 1952 b7D was reinterviewed May 9, 1952, at which time he specifically denied having been involved in this or other terrorist activities. The interview was terminated with statement that he did not care to add anything more to the statements he had previously furnished. As a possible explanation of the almost uniform replies received from the above Klansmen, it should be noted that it has been reported. previously that the Klan was given instructions by Attorney **b**6 of Orlando, Florida, to the effect that Klansmen could identify themb7C selves as being associated with the Klan but they should furnish the FBI no information about the Klan's activities or the identities of other Klansmen. Confidential Informant T-1. of known reliability, furnished information to the effect that one is a close friend of suspect EARL J. BROOKLYN and also a Klansman. Based on this information was interviewed at the Orange County Sheriff's Office where he is employed as onMay 13, 1952. stated that he has known EARL BROOKLYN as a fairly close associate for approximately one year. He stated that he knows that BROOKIYN is not active in the Klan at the present time due to his ill halth and, further, that he has not been active during the entire period association with BROOKLYN. He ventured the guess that of

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He declined to name any other individuals with whom he was associated in the Klan, stating he preferred not to because of the oath he had taken as a Klansman.

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He stated he himself was in the company of on Christmas Day, 1951. He took his parents to visit relatives in Lofton, Florida, on the evening of Christmas Day.
Previous investigation indicated employee at the Orlando, Florida, the Ku Klux Klan. A complete inspection of his personnel file at the Orlando Post Office, made available by failed to disclose any affidavit made by to the effect that he is not and never has been a member of any organization or group which advocates depriving others of their civil rights. He has executed the usual anti-Communist affidavit and anti-strike affidavit.
Based on his alleged Klan membership was interviewed on May 9, 1952. At that time he readily admitted having joined the Klan sometime around 1935, at which time he was approximately 21 years of age. He stated his purpose in joining the Klan was purely social, so he could go to the Klan-sponsored public dances. He also stated he was not certain but believed that FRED*BASS was the Exalted Cyclops at the time he joined. He stated that he attended only about two or three meetings of the Klan after he joined it. As nearly as he can recall he remained active for approximately two years or until about 1937. During that time his sole function in the Klan was to go to the dances. During the interim from approximately 1937 to about 1946 or 1947,
In either 1946 or 1947 one of the members of the Klan approached him asking him to reactivate himself. He stated he preferred not to reveal this individual's identity. Based on this request he did go back to attend two or three meetings.
stated he stopped attending any meetings and having anything to do with the Klan after hearing WALTER WINCHELL's program one night in either 1946 or 1947 wherein WINCHELL made an announcement to the effect that the United States Government was starting to investigate federal employees who were members of organizations appearing on the Attorney General's list. Mr. WINCHELL reportedly stated that the Ku Klux Klan was one of these organizations. He stated as soon as he heard this he decided he did not want to have anything further to do with the Klan as he did not want to jeopardize his position with the in any way.

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summarized his total activity with the Klan by stating that it would not have covered a period of more than three months over scattered periods in the 17 years he had been associated with the Klan in one way or another. He stated that as nearly as he can recall he only paid dues about three times and although he had been issued as many membership cards he did not have any of them at the present time.

He stated that at no time during his association with the Klan had he ever heard of any terrorist activities wherein persons were beaten or otherwise intimidated.

He was asked his knowledge of the following named individuals and furnished the following comments:

EARL BROOKLYN: He is acquainted with him and recalled seeing him at a few of the meetings he attended. The last meeting at which he saw BROOKLYN was some four or five years ago.

TILIMAN/BETVIN: He is acquainted with him but never saw him at any of the meetings except socials. He had heard that BELVIN had been banished from the Klan.

J. B. JOHNSON: He is acquainted with Lim and has seen him at Klan meetings but knows little about his personal life.

He know	s him but by sight only and has see:
him at Klan meetings.	
He knows	by sight and has seen him
at Klan meetings. He kn Klud.	ows acted in the office of
He was not acquainted wi	th the following named individuals:
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
WILLTAMEBOGAR	
	*

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heard of HARRY T. MOORE until he repaper immediately after it happens MCORE's name mentioned in any Klar never discussed, either by hame or Klan meetings. In this connection discussion of any racial problems his belief that the Klan and its puthat he considered it a religious	meetings and is certain he was description, on the floor of any stated he never heard any on a Klan meeting floor. He voiced principles are based on the Bible and organization. He stated the issue at in the mind of a true Klansman.
The following is a descri	ption of as obtained from
observation and interrogation:	
Name	
Birth date	
Birthplace	
Height	5 1811
Weight	145
Eyes	
Hair	
Complexion	medium
Scars and marks	
Parents	
Wife	
Children	
Residence	
Occupation	
Arrests	none admitted except minor traffic
	violations

Mrs. ROSA TYSON MOORE, mother of victim HARRY T. MOORE, was reinterviewed May 14, 1952, at her home at 1758 Louisiana Street, Jacksonville, Florida, for the purpose of obtaining greater detail concerning the events that occurred just prior to instant bombing. She furnished the following information.

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Mrs. MCCRE arrived in Titusville, Florida, from Jacksonville on the train about noon, Saturday, December 22, 1951. She took a taxi from the station to Mims, Florida. The taxi was driven by a white driver. He did not take her directly to victim MOORE's home but first drove her to his home to pick up his wife and father-in-law. His home is located in Titusville. After picking up his father-in-law and wife he drove Mrs. MOORE directly to Mims. She stated it was raining quite hard and she had to show the driver the way to her son's house. She recalled asking him if he knew where the family · lived. The driver stated he was not sure but had a vague idea. Accordingly, she directed him to the general vicinity of the and just before getting there showed him the turn-off to her son's house. She stated she never at any time mentioned her son's name during the course of the ride. She also stated the driver was not in any way inquisitive about her destination or her business in Mims.

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Upon arriving at the house victim MOORE came out and greeted her. He also offered to pay her taxi fare but did not as she had already paid it. After getting inside the house she recalled HARRY commented he did not know the driver.

After getting in the house HARRIETT and	were	clean-
ing house. They all stopped what they were doing to greet her a	and	*
have a general family discussion, after which Mrs. MOORE was tal	ken to)
her room by		
After that HARRIETT and left in the fami	įly	
car to do some shopping either in Titusville or Mims. She recal	lled	
they were gone for quite some time. During that time she sat as	nd	
		•

visited with her son. She could not recall what they talked about but was quite sure it was just general family talk. She stated HARRY was in good spirits and at no time gave any impression of being afraid of anyone or anything.

When HARRIETT and returned they prepared the noon meal and all of them ate. After they finished eating HARRY went into Mims to get the mail at the Post Office. He came right back. After he got back to the house he went out into his grove and worked there the rest of the afternoon.

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	That eveni	ng harriett a	nd		went to the)	
hous	se and Mrs. MOOR	E and HARRY r	emained	at home.	HARRY spent	the	
ent:	ire evening writ	ing. She sta	ted she	could not	recall anyo	ne com-	
ing	by to visit tha	t evering.			*		
·				►		•	
	The next d	lay, Sunday, D	ecember	23, 1951,	Mrs. MOORE	recalled	
that	t after they had	arisen and h	ad break	rfast HARRI	Casked if s	she	
	ld like to go to		·				
		did not go to					
him	self at the Miss						rs
	Mims. She was n					had	
	ren him over and			— — · · · · · · ·		HARRIETT	ď
and		visited at the	· ·	home.			
				_			

Mrs. MOORE stated her recollection of the afternoon and evening's events on Sunday was very vague. She stated she did not believe HARRY did any work in his grove but as nearly as she can recall he stayed around the house and rested, doing a little reading and some writing. She stated there were no callers at the house that day.

On Monday, December 24, 1951, the events were commonplace until sometime late in the morning when she recalled a white man came up to the house and knocked on the porch. She said she went to the door to see what the man wanted at which time he stated, "Is HARRY here?" At that point HARRY came up to the door in back of her and said, "Oh, I know who that is." He went out into the yard and talked with the man. Mrs. MOORE recalled they went around the side of the house to the rear and talked there for a few minutes. When HARRY came back he stated the man had come over to see about the pump which was out of order and he had taken him around to the pumphouse located in the rear of the house to look it over. He mentioned something about having made a deal with the man to repair the pump. She also stated that HARRY commented he did not know the man's name but he lived somewhere in the vicinity of Mims. According to Mrs. MOORE, HARRY stated he had sent word for this man to come and look over the pump. He was also to have stated that the man offered to start working on the pump at that time but that HARRY had declined in view of the fact the pater would have to be turned off for a period of time and that it might interfere with the household routine. He stated he had made arrangements with the man to have him come back later.

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HARRY spent the remainder of the day working in his grove by himself. He was banking young orange trees and had a few more to do before he was finished. Mrs. MOORE stated that as nearly as she can recall he stayed around the house the entire day, although she thought he might have taken a trip into Mims to collect mail.

That evening the entire family stayed at home and HARRY spent the evening reading, writing and talking. She did recall he discussed a little of his work with the NAACP. Mrs. MOORE stated she told him she was glad he had stopped that work, at which time HARRY replied he was still doing the same thing without pay. He explained he was still the coordinator for the NAACP activities in the State of Florida. He stated that he did plan to stop his work eventually but that before he did he wanted to accomplish two things. One of the things was to accomplish equalization of teachers' salaries throughout the State of Florida. The other was to see justice done in the Groveland Case. Mrs. MOORE stated HARRY said that after he had accomplished these two things he wanted to get back into teaching. He said he had an offer to start teaching in February but did not say where. He did say he believed the offer to be a good one.

During the discussion he also stated that he wanted to go back to school and get his master's degree. He stated his wife and daughter had offered to do that for him. In this connection henoted they felt he had sacrificed to put them through school and now it was their turn to sacrifice to see that his education was completed.

Mrs. MOORE interjected the fact that HARRY had received his AB degree from Bethune-Cookman College in August, 1951. She stated that as nearly as she could gather, HARRIETT was going to continue teaching at Lake Park, Florida.

She was questioned concerning HARRY's attitude toward the NAACP. She replied that HARRY was very close-mouthed about his activities with the organization but she did recall his expressing his discouragement in that he could not understand why the colored people in Florida did not take more interest in NAACP work.

Christmas morning, December 25, 1951, HARRY remained around the house and did no work of any sort. HARRIETT and went

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•	over to the house and assisted in the preparation of the Christmas dinner. After they came back the entire MCORE family got dressed and went to the house for dinner. As nearly as she was able to recall they all went over about 3:00 or 4:00 P. M. in HARRY's car. She could recall no unusual incidents during the dinner at the and as nearly as she could recall all the talk was family talk.
	Mrs. MOORE stated that they must have left the residence sometime shortly after 9:00 P.M. All of them: HARRY, HARRIETT, and herself, drove back in HARRY's car and he parked it directly in front of the house. They all got out of the car and everyone except HARRY went inside. He stayed outside for about a minute, apparently standing in front of the house or on the front porch. As soon as he got inside they all sat down in the living room. HARRIETT commented that she was tired and was going to bed. At that HARRY asked her to wait because he wanted them to have a piece of anniversary cake, it being their 25th wedding anniversary. HARRIETT first declined but after repeated urging on his part she went to the kitchen and brought out two cakes. At that all four sat down at the table in the dining room, at which time HARRY and HARRIETT carried out a little ceremony whereby the two, holding the knife at the same time, cut a slice of cake After that Mrs. MOORE cut a piece of cake for HARRY and a small piece for herself.
	They all ate a little of the cake and then HARRIETT washed the plates and put away the cake. After that HARRIETT went to bed. sat on the settee and read for a while until she went to sleep. Mrs. MOCRE and HARRY remained seated at the dining room table and talked. She could not recall what they talked about but guessed it was family talk, mostly centered around the anniversary. She stated she thought HARRY was reminiscing about his and HARRIETT's courtship and early married days. Finally HARRY said he was tired and was going to bed. Mrs. MOCRE agreed and she, too, left to go to bed, telling HARRY to wake up
	A few moments later she recalled hearing someone in the bath room and called, "HARRY?"; after a short while he answered, "Yes, what do you want?" She replied, "Just wanted to know who it was. Did you wake up?" harry replied, "Yes, she is sitting up reading."

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Aiter that incluent, Mrs. Mount stated, she disrobed and	
went to bed, putting out the light. She stated she was lying on h	er b6
back when suddenly there was a loud noise and she distinctly re-	J/ Q.
membered seeing the light fixture fall from the ceiling. When she	;
saw that she cried out because she was afraid the fixture would	
hit her. She recalled that called out, "Grandma, a	ire
you hurt?", to which she replied, "No, are you?"	said
no, whereupon Mrs. MOORE instructed her to call HARRY and HARRIET?	C.
replied they did not answer her and immediately wer	nt
to the back door, calling for Mrs. MOORE	3
stated she recalled telling she would have to open	the
door or they would not hear her. did not want to	open
the door because she was afraid there might be someone outside.	There-
after they both came into the living-dining room area and turned of	
the lights in an attempt to learn what had happened.	
After the bombing came over and a	<u>issist</u> ed
in getting HARRY out of the debris and then drove over to the	1
	for
the hospital in Sanford, Florida. was driving with HARRIE	
in front and HARRY, Mrs. MOORE and and and	
in the back.	

Mrs. MOORE again stated that in the ride over to the hospital nothing was said by anyone in the car that would lead to the identities of anyone who might have perpetrated the bombing. She recalled HARRY and HARRIETT said nothing en route to the hospital.

Later, at the hospital, she recalled that HARRIETT first thought she was going to get well because she said she was going to go back to Lake Park to teach. She recalled that her conversation was at times quite disconnected and irrational and at one time she commented she was looking for HARRY; that he had been back to see her several times. On questioning HARRIETT said that HARRY came through the door but that she was bothered because he would not talk to her. Later, as her condition grew worse, HARRIETT said on two or three occasions that she wanted to die and that she had nothing further to live for on this earth. Mrs. MOORE stated that HARRIETT had never mentioned any enemies that either she or HARRY had and stated that she did not know of any enemies either might have had.

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During the course of the interview Mrs. MOORE was asked whether HARRY had ever mentioned anything about WILLIAM HENDRIX, Grand Dragon of the Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, or any other Klansmen or Klan activities. She replied that HARRY had never made any mention of HENDRIX or any other Klansmen or Klan activities to her.

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It was learned through____ at Mims that the probable persons who visited victim MOORE's home on Monday, December 24, 1951, to look at his pump would be either aka Both of these individuals reside at Mims. on interview May 16, 1952, stated he had never gone to the MOORE residence for any purpose although he was acquainted with HARKY MOORE, having known him as a resident of Mims. He pointed out the possibility that may have been the individual who visited the MOORE house December 24, 1951. Mims, Florida, telephone 237-J, on interview May 16, 1952, stated victim MOORE had left word at Sharp's Store in Mims that he wanted to have ______ come down to his house to look at his pump on Monday, the day before Christmas. stated that as nearly as he can recall he went over to MOORE's house about 3:00 P.M. and remained a few minutes, during which time he and MOORE looked at the pump in the pumphouse and discussed its repair. estimated he was there possibly 15 minutes. As a result of their discussion he made arrangements whereby he was to get MCORE a new pump and install it and get the old pump in exchange. The installation was to be made on the following Thursday, December 27, 1951. stated he pulled his car in on the garage side (south) of MCORE's house. At that time MOORE came out and the two went back to the pump house. He recalled that MOORE told him he intended staying at Mims for a few days until the first of the year.

He stated this was the first time he had ever had any contact with MOORE with the exception of a time some twelve years ago when he wired the house for electricity. He stated he was not acquainted with any of MOORE's activities.

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Concerning the bombing itself stated he was just going to bed when he heard the bomb go off at which time he got up and looked out the front door. He stated he thought it was possibly a truck that had had a blow-out on the main highway. It was not until the next morning that he had learned MCORE's house had been bombed. stated that at no time had anyone asked him any questions about MOORE. During the interview of ROSA MCORE, victim's mother, her sister, Miss TYSON, was present. At one point she interjected the information that HARRY several years ago had come to Jacksonville with a friend, of Bartow, Florida, who works there as the representative of the Central Life Insurance Company: Upon arriving at Jacksonville HARRY told Miss TYSON that they had been followed by two white men unknown to them all the way from Mims to Jacksonville. According to Miss TYSON, they had stopped two times at filling stations and sought the advice of the attendant as to what they should do in order to lose their followers. Both times they were advised to remain at the station for a period of time with the idea that whoever was following would travel on and lose them. However, each time the car following them caught up with them again. The last time they stopped the attendant recommended they go on to Jacksonville but not to their ultimate destination. He recommended that instead they go to some place like the railroad station and lose themselves in the crowd and remain at the station some length of time in an effort to throw off their surveillors. HARRY told Miss TYSON that he and did go to the railroad station where they lost their surveillance, ultimately proceeding to Miss TYSON's residence at 1758 Louisiana Street. HARRY did not describe the men or the automobile. Based on this information Bartow, Florida, was interviewed May 17, 1952. At the time of this stated he definitely recalled taking the trip from interview Mims to Jacksonville with MOORE sometime around 1937 or 1938 but he had no recollection whatsoever of anyone following them. He stated had brought suit in his name against that at that time he the county for the purpose of gaining equal salaries for all teachers. He noted that he was teaching school at Titusville at that time and that HARRY was also teaching school there. He stated that HARRY became interested in this suit as a representative of the NAACP and was of considerable assistance to in pursuing the suit. In this

connectionnoted that he himself had begun his work in the NAACP about 1926 or 1927 and that HARRY was also active in NAACP work				
at that time.				
stated that at no time has HARRY ever mentioned any enemies and never mentioned any threats having been made against him. He noted that his contact with MOORE has been limited since about 1938, at which time he lost his job as teacher in Titusville and subsequently got his present position as insurance supervisor for the Central Life Insurance Company in Tampa, Florida, working as their agent in Bartow, Florida. He said he occasionally saw MCORE when he would go back to visit his home in Mims. He stated he has never worked with HARRY MCORE on any other cases although he has been associated with him in an official capacity through the Progressive Voters League of which both he and MOORE were officers.				
He recalled mentioning to MCORE on one occasion that he thought it was a bit risky for him to travel around the state alone. As he recalled MCORE replied that he saw no reason for his being afraid because he was not doing anything wrong.				
The remaining photographs not already shown were exhibited to				
all of Mims, Florida, in an effort to effect an identification of the two white men who came to the colored quarters in Mims, inquiring for MCORE on about May 17, 1951, at the Mims Confectionery Store. These included photographs of the following individuals:				
CARL DAVIS GREENHALGH LLOYD HATCH WILLIAM JACKSON BOGAR EDGAR ELLIS CAMPBELL WILLARD SMITH CLARENCE LONGLEY				

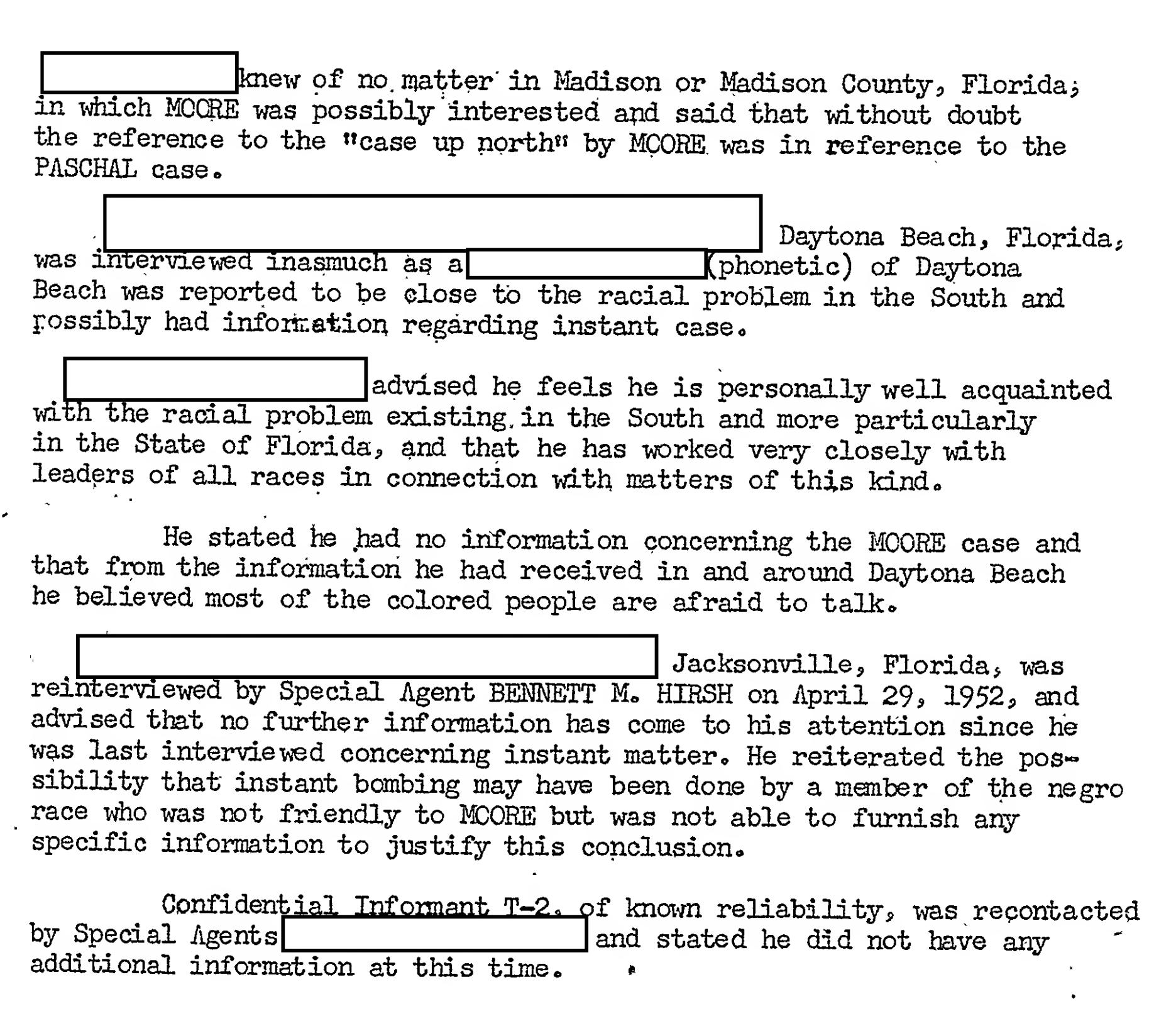
No identification was effected.

Based on information previously received that automobiles
bearing 1951 Florida licenses and were observed at the
funeral of victim HARRY T. MOORE in Mims, Special Agent
contacted and interviewed the individuals to whom these
licenses were registered.
New Smyrna Beach,
Florida, advised that her husband had previously owned a 1950 Chevro-
let which he had sold in February, 1951, to Lee Motors, Daytona
Beach, Florida. She knew nothing concerning the instant case.
Lee Auto Sales, 100 Fairview Avenue,
Daytona Beach, Florida, advised he purchased a 1950 Chevrolet from
in February, 1951 and had thereafter sold it to
Second Avenue Cab Company, on February 2, 1951.
Second Avenue Cab Company, Daytona
Beach, Florida, advised that 1951 Florida tag 8E-25 was issued to
him for his cab and that in response to a request from
who was associated with the Bethune Mortuary in Daytona Beach, he had
driven a group of persons from Jacksonville to Mims to attend the
funeral of HARRY T. MCORE. said he did not know the identity
of any members of the group but that after reading the papers he be-
lieved they must have been the group representing the Civil Rights Con-
gress who had come down from New York to attend MCORE's funeral. He
was not personally acquainted with MOORE and had no information of value.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Second Avenue Cab Company, ad-
vised he drove his cab from Jacksonville to Mims and took a portion
of the group that came from New York to attend the MCORE funeral. He said he had no definite information concerning this matter and was
not acquainted with MOORE. He indicated had driven the other cab from Daytona Beach.
reg granden die Offier, cap rrom pal cona peacit.
Bethune Mortuary, 367 McLeod Street, Daytona
Beach, Florida, advised he had recieved a telephone call subsequent to
MOORE's death from some individual in New York City who did not com-
pletely identify himself, but who believes was a representative
or member of the NAACP and that this individual asked him to arrange
for transportation from Jacksonville or Davtona Beach for a group of

EHD:egh MM 44-270

he agreed to make the necessary arrangements and after he had done so he received a telephone call from
of the Bethune-Cookman College, who was then in New York City. She
advised him that based on information furnished to her by
the group coming from New York City was from a Communist organization, namely, the Civil Rights Congress, and that should not have anyting to do with them or make arrangements to effect their transportation from Jacksonville or Daytona Beach to Mims stated he then told the Second Avenue Cab Company of the situation and left it to them to decide whether they wanted to handle the group or not.
He stated he had no more to do with this matter but had talked to hundreds of colored residents all over the State of Florida since the bomting of MOORE's residence but he had been unable to develop any information which would be of assistance in solving the murder.
and of a
gas station on Second Avenue, Daytona Beach, were interviewed for any information they might have been able to develop. They stated they had not been able to develop anything of value despite the fact they talked to hundreds of colored people in Volusia and Brevard Counties since the bombing occurred.
Following receipt of information from a conversation with him and at the Bethune-Cookman College in Daytona Beach, Florida, during the summer of 1951, MCORE had indicated he was working on a big case north of there, possibly Madison, Florida, at the Campbell Street High School, Daytona Beach, was interviewed. He advised he had known MOORE for a period of thirty years and felt he was fairly close to MCORE. He had no information concerning any threats received by MCORE and knew of no enemies MCORE might have tad. He stated he last saw MCORE at the Daytona Beach meeting of the NAACP in November, 1951.
He stated he had made only one trip with MCCRE and that was in connection with the case in which a student from the Bethune-Cookman College was cut by some white men at the Ormond Tropical Gardens and Zoo and that the only work he did with MCORE was to make several inquiries that were in connection with that case.

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ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

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Confidential Informant T-1 is whose identity is known to the Bureau.
Confidential Informant T-2 is whose identity is known to the Bureau.
One copy is furnished for information of New York as that Office is maintaing liaison with the national headquarters of the NAACP.
LEADS
LOUISVILLE OFFICE
AT FORT KNOX, KENTUCKY
Will reinterview in ac- cordance with Bureau letter to Louisville dated May 23, 1952.
MOBILE OFFICE b6
AT BLOUNTSTOWN, FLORIDA
Will interview formerly of Lakeland, Florida, in accordance with the lead set out for Miami at Lakeland in referenced report.
WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE
AT WASHINGTON, D. C.
Will reinterview of victims,
It is noted she was interviewed just subsequent
to the bombing and was in an upset condition. Subsequent investigation has disclosed she was active in the youth work of the NAACP at Mims, Florida, and it is believed she was very close and in the confidence of her father and may be in a position to furnish some information of value.

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MIAMI OFFICE

AT ORLANDO, FLORIDA	
Will maintain contact with Confidential Informant for any further information he may obtain.	
AT FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA	
Will reinterview WILLARD SMITH for any additional information he may have obtained.	
AT TITUSVILLE, FLORIDA	
Will identify, locate and interview the taxed driver who took Mrs. ROSA MOORE from the railroad station at Titusville to the MOORE home in Mims on December 22, 1951, for any information he may have concerning instant case.	
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Assistant Attorney General James M. McInerney

May 27, 1952

Director, FBI

FLORIDA BOMBING CASES

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED BY SPYCOLOGIALLY
DATE 12-2-82 BY SPYCOLOGIALLY

Reference is made to my memorandum dated May 14, 1952, concerning the presentation of these cases to the present Federal Grand Jury at Miami, Florida.

The Bureau desires to reiterate its position that it would be most unfortunate to present these cases to the present Federal Grand Jury. Extensive time and effort have been devoted to the investigation of these atrocious incidents and serious consideration should be given to the proper and adequate presentation to a new Federal Grand Jury. Consequently, it is recommended that you assign special personnel to the handling of this work in order to insure that the cases not be allowed to be mishandled by improper or inadequate prosecution. In this regard the Special Agent in Charge of the Miami Division of this Bureau has recommended the use of Special Assistant to the Attorney General ______ who is a native of Florida and conscientious in his work.

The foregoing is to confirm the Bureau's position in regard to these cases as ________ Chief, and ______ of the Civil Rights Section of the Department were informed today by representatives of this Bureau.

DST:1k

60JUN 101952

SOPY FILED IN WAY WOOD

Mr. Ladd

May 23, 1952

Mr. Rosen

Time of call - 5:00 p.m.

FLORIDA BOMBING CASES

Chief, Civil Rights Section, Department of Justice, advised today that a formal reply had been directed to the Bureau advising that the Department would present all of these cases and related matters to a Federal Grand Jury in the near future.

advised that the only problem involved was to secure a new Grand Jury if it would be at all possible and the personnel to be selected for the presentation.

ACTION

Contact will be maintained with the Department to obtain early presentation to a Federal Grand Jury.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

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HIS CASE ORIGINATED AT	, 1144.4.4.4.4	•		
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY	_ •
ATLANTA	5/26/52	5/7,22/52	FRANCIS R. JULES	jе
UNKNOWN SUBJECT HARRY TO MOORE Victims	TS;	deceased)	CEVIL RIGHTS	- - -
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	could r	not remember if th	other and father of eir son was home on	
-	Christmas Day,	December 25, 1951		
		→ R U C		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
DETATES:	AT ATHENS, GEOR	RGIA		-
	On May 7, 1952. viewed by SA she could not r Christmas Day,	ecall definitely 1951.	advised that if her son was home on	
TON CONTRACT SERVICES	to gather toged definitely if I vague but state	ther on this holid	eustomary for the family lay, but could not say was rathered that the entire family ol.	,
	- REFERRED UPO	N COMPLETION TO THE	IE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -	·
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ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

REFERENCE: Report of SA JOHN P. SLAYDEN, dated 4/24/52, at Atlanta.

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Jan 17, 1952

Director, THI (LL-113)

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United Subjection (Center) - Control

Civil Marks

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SUBJECT:

Director, FBI (44-4118)

DATE: May 29, 1952

Attention: _FBI Laboratory SAC, Mizni (44-270)

UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; HARRY T. MOORE, BARRIETT PROFIE (decensed) - VICTINA CIVIL MAIN

There is being forwarded under separate cover a flamol | Mims, Florida, which shirt obtained from has stated is identical with the shirt worn by one of the two white men who came to the Mins Confectionary Store about May 17, 1951 andwirding for the residence of HARRY T. MOORE.

The Bureau has instructed that colored photographs of this there be obtained for use in exhibiting to informants and for any future use that thy develop during the course of instant investigation.

. Efforts were made in the Mami Office to make colored photographs of this shirt, which efforts were unsuccessful due to lack of proper equipment in Mami for this type of work.

Laboratory is requested to make and forward to the Manie Office 22vo colored photographs, size 5 x 7, of this shirt. It is suggested that a mannaquin be used in making these photographs.

Is requested that this shirt be returned to the Mismi Office for delivery to

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cc: (1) prokage (REGISTERED)

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Assistant Attorney General James M. McInerney

June 2, 1952

Director, FBI

UNKNOWN SUBJECTS;
HARRY TO MOORE, ET AL - VICTIMS
CIVIL RIGHTS; CONSPIRACY;
FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT

SIMON SMITH MANNING FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT (Your reference 144-18-205)

Reference is made to your memorandum dated April 10, 1952, indicating that investigation should be conducted in regard to present and past members of the Ku Klux Klan who have violated Section 1001, Title 18. U. S. C. One copy of the report of Special Agent dated May 5, 1952, at Miami and copies of forms 57, 58, and 61 shown as enclosures with the report are attached. This report reflects that Manning did not list his prior Klan membership or previous arrest record at the time he made application for employment at the Orlando Air Force Base, Orlando, Florida.

Reports concerning other similar violations will be forwarded to you as the investigations are completed.

Enclosure

DST:jlw: 46-18220

ATL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN AUCHASSIFIED Welley lake
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1 This case originated at MII	MI	± +		b6 b7C
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	'REPORT MADE BY	
MOBILE		6/10,15/52		-blc
UNKNOWN SUBJECT HARRIETT MOORE	S; HARRY T (deceased)	• MOORE, • VICTIMS	CIVIL RIGHTS	***
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	· .			
	and formal NAACP, ha	personal friender legal advisons as no idea who sulted in death	or to Fla. Cha perpertrated	MOORE apter of crime
DETAILS:	AT BLOUN		DATE //- A	TION CONTAINED NCLASSIFIED BYS BYS
formerly practiced retained as the National Associant a capace MOORE, who was About ten years discontinue his Florida, where law. MOORE was prior he has correspondentioned in an had been threat idea that MOORE	to his moved with he is now ened in any ened in any	Lakeland, Florisor to the Floring from Lakeland that ring from Lakeland that ring from Lakeland that reported that ring from Lakeland the steers that he way.	rida Chapter of Colored Requently with sof that organized was for the last time and Since to Moore and Since to Moore of the last time and Since the last time and	of the People. HARRY T. ganization. Forced to cown, e of the recessing he saw hat time never or that he had no
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: - O. HO. COPIES OF THIS F 3 - Miami (1 US)	4118)	IRGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACE	RECORDED-137
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MO 44-175

perpetrated the crime which resulted in the death of MOORE.

- RENDING -

MO 44-175

- ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

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REFERENCES: Report of SA

Miami, 5/31/52.

Report of SA

Miami, 4/29/52.

FD_7 (1.10.4.9)

60 JUL 1 1952

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ORM NO: 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT MIAMI	•	*	file no.
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN, MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
WASHINGTON, D. C.	6-19-52	6/7/52	MARVIN C. EVANS MCE: how
TITLE UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; HA	RRY T. MOOF	} मृ	CHARACTER OF CASE
HARRIETT MOORE (dec			CIVIL RIGHTS b6
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	terviewed.		of victims,
DETAILS: AT WASHIN	g - ·	HEREIN	ORMATION CONTAINED IS UNCLASSIFIED (Selection) 34-82 BY 5
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her graduation from She stated that she Secretary of the Min dent and Treasurer entered college in in Florida probably of the association President and Execu- of NAACP activities time occupation by investigation of in- ing the same time tive Secretary of the cribed as a political	the time so Bethune-Convex active of the Flor 1947 and the In 1930, and the Stative Secretain the Secretain the Stative Secretain the Stative Secretain the Secretain the Stative Secretain the Secretain the Stative Secretain the Secretain th	the came to Washington okman College, Dayton in NAACP activities of the Youth Council of the Youth Council of the Youth Council of the Added Little hat becard and was Secretary of the added that ary of the associated the and his primary duty negroes in Florida as associated with the live Yoters League in the Interval of	Florida, and had resided on, D. C., which was after on Beach, Florida, in 1951. In Florida and was once and later State Vice President the NAACP. She said she time for other activities. EXPLATE PROCESSING the active in NAACP activities the Brevard County branch later became State ion, and finally Coordinator stated that this was a full in this capacity was the added that durathe NAACP he was also Execute The NAACP he was also Execute The Torida, which she deswas to get the views of
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R411 JAN 2408860 THIS REPO 3 Bureau (44-4118) 4 Miami (44-270) (1 USA, Tampa) 2 Washington Field (44-11) 1 CAMG-TMM- Janua R-	40)		DEXED - 103
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political contacts concerning the negro population in the state. She stated that the league would send questionnaires to political contacts concerning the candidate's platform, views, and intentions toward the negro race. said that when a candidate refused to complete the questionnaire, all members of the league were notified of the candidate's refusal to cooperate. could not elaborate on the Progressive Voters League.
advised that appeared to be well-liked in Mims by the county officials and she knew of no real enemies of However, she said she heard mention on numerous occasions that he was doing a very dangerous job in the South, being a NAACP representative and that "someone would get him some day". She added that she recalled mentioning in 1947 that he had been followed by several white men in a car while engaged on a trip away from his home; however, she could furnish no further additional information concerning this incident.
When was asked to express her opinion as to who may have caused the death of she replied that "it possibly was some white county officials opposed to and his political organization", or "the Groveland case". When questioned concerning "the white county officials opposed to she stated she believed it to be in 1947 when was fighting for equal teachers' rights in Florida that County. Superintendent of Education, had called into his office on several occasions. She added that questioned concerning his NAACP activities and that stated to that "he was going too fast and was doing lots of things in the county he should not be doing". She stated that as a result of efforts on behalf of the negro teachers were fired from their teaching jobs and were never given a reason for their termination.
Concerning the Groveland case, advised that she remembers mentioning during the time the case was of paramount interest in Florida that the "high sheriff" had made damaging and derogatory statements about and his activity in the case on behalf of the NAACP. She advised she does not remember the name of the sheriff; however, she added that the derogatory statements were in the form of an editorial in a late county Florida newspaper.
advised that after employment as teachers in Mims was terminated went to West Palm Beach, Florida, in November, 1947, where taught school at Washington Junior High School, Eake Park section of West Palm Beach, and continued in his work with

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the MAACP and Progressive Voters League. She added that resided	*
with exact address unknown, Lake Park section of West Palm Beach)
stated that returned to Mims about every other weekend	
to look after the house. She said on several occasions had found	æ н
footprints in the sand around the house and on one weekend trip	
found that the house had been entered and "his gun stolen". She added that she	
remembered one occasion while she was in college that	
had called advised to tell not to go to	
Mims on the next weekend as the townspeople were awaiting for them to enter the	<u> </u>
city. could not elaborate further on this incident. She advised	
that were relatives and resided at	
Florida。	
stated that left West Palm Beach after school	
was out for the Christmas holidays in 1951 and returned to Mims to spend the	
holidays. She said that came to Mims to spend the	,
holidays with said she graduated from college in June.	
and drove to West Palm Beach with where she stayed for approx	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
mately two weeks and came back to Mims for one night in June, 1951. She added	•
she then journeyed to Daytona Beach and then to Washington. D. C. and did not	
see again until after the bombing. advised that she	
knew of no threatening letters which may have received, and she des-	.
cribed as a serious, ambitious family man with few friends, who	
did not drink and who enjoyed an occasional movie furnished the	
following names and information concerning individuals whom she stated were	*
friends of and who should know about his activities:	
Mims, Florida, active in NAACP	
	¥
Cocoa, Florida, active in NAACP	
of a drugstore in West Palm	
Beach, Florida, who was active in both the NAACP and	
the Progressive Voters League	
Ocala, Florida, of a filling	
station and real estate business on West Broadway, who	
was active in both the NAACP and Progressive Voters	
League	
Central Life Insurance Company, Tampa,	
Florida, active in both NAACP and Progressive Voters	
resage at the tri pooli furgor strong records and the control of t	

WFQ 44-140. General Delivery, Mims, Florida, former Minister of the AME church at Mims. whom described as a close friend of Titusville, Florida, active in both the NAACPaand the Progressive Voters League, stated traveled throughout the state whom of Florida with Titusville. Florida. a close associate of advised that she has been trying to forget the incident at Mims concerning the death of however, she stated that if anything came to her knowledge or if she could remember anything of importance in this investigation she would immediately contact this office.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

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ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

No leads are being set forth for the Miami office to interview individuals mentioned in this report due to the fact that Washington Fiel is not in possession of all investigative reports in this matter and ther fore does not know what investigation has been previously conducted.	.u
REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent May 31, 1952, Miami, Florida	

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Mr. Tolson Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols_ Mr. Belmont_ Mr. Clegg. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Mis C'arn. U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Mr. He:50-, COMPLEMENTIONS SECTION **b**6 Mr. Toron 1 b7C 6 1952 Mr. Tree. Mr. Laughlin b7D Mr. Min. THEYPE Tele. Krom ----Mr. Hollomun. ECElies Gandy 5-05 PM EST 6-6-52 FBI, MIAMI UNSUBS, HARRY T. MOORE, ETAL, VICTIMS, CR. REBUTEL JUNE FOUR INSTANT REQUESTING SAC PERSONAL RECOMMENDATION CONCERNING USE IN POSI-IN.FLA. UNLESS TION TO MAKE IMMEDIATE CONTACT WITH HIGH LEVEL OFFICIALS HE CAN BE OF NO PARTICULAR VALUE. CONTACT WITH ORDINARY MEMBERS HAS BEEN REASONABLY SUCCESSFUL DURING INVESTIGATION. WALL BH ADVISED DATE AND D ACK PLSE HOLD AFTER ACK PLSE

cc: Miami

Birmingham

DIRECTOR, FBI

June 2, 1952

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	In his recent state—wide campaign to be elected Governor of Florida. then discussed the Ku Klux Klan generally with evidenced an admiration for HENDRIX and the Klan, and indicated in no uncertain terms that he resented Negroes. Eventually the conversation got around to the Mims, Fla. dynamiting on 12/25/51, and mentioned the fact that that case probably never would be solved. At that point
	did not press for further details, mainly because he felt that would not tell him, however, he did get the impression that is a "dyed-in-the-wool Klansman" and would not cooperate with the Bureau or any other agency in furnishing information pertinent to this case. He pointed out that during his conversation with about HENDRIX and Klan activities in general frequently used the term "we" in explaining how Klansmen recognize each other and are aware of Klan activities.
	admitted that could have been trying to impress him with his knowledge of Klan activities, and, in fact, may know nothing whatsoever as to the identities of the person or persons who perpetrated instant plot. He added, however, that is not the type of person to "bluff" and received the impression that actually knew what he was talking about. Continuing, this informant said that although he,
	was born and raised in the South, does not especially care for Negroes, he stands against such occurrences as the Mims, Fla. dynamiting and would assist the authorities in every way possible to solve this case if his identity would be protected. He stated and are and and are are and and are and are and and are and are are are arrangements informant and indicated to him are arrangements for joining the Klan" if a was interested. At the time gave him a non-commital answer, but left and with the idea that are are arrangements in the matter.
•	Without any prompting from the interviewing agent volunteered the statement that "I could become a member of the Klan and still not believe in their principles."

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DIRECTOR, FBI

June 2, 1952

Agent explained to would very definite agreed that he under if he actually decito be his own as that he could in not this Bureau in such this and would decided within the next ferman and the could in the next ferman agent within the next ferman agent within the next ferman agent agent within the next ferman agent within the next ferm	ely have to be or erstood this. It ded to join the is Bureau could way consider had action. It de for himself	n his own initition was impressed Klan, the decinot not sanction simself a repressing that he formation in the following said that he formation is a said that he formatio	iative and he upon him that ision would have such action and sentative of fully understood
It should be pointed out that is not the "detective complex type", but on the contrary, seems to be a sober and intelligent person who has excellent potentialities as an informant in Klan activities. During the course of the interview with him. he mentioned the fact that one and is a rabid Klansman in that			
area.			
be discreetly recordscertain if he had from subjects in instant he would attempt to	tacted on or beadeveloped any and the action of the action	fore 7/1/52, infurther pertine identity or identity or identity	ent information

*		Mr. Tolson Mr. Ladd
	Federal Bureau of Investigation U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE CONLINGATIONS SECTION JUN 6 1952	Mr. Nichols
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	PROBABLY COULD NOT MAKE IMMEDIATE CON	TACT WITH HIGH
LEVEL	OFFICIALS IN FLORIDA. THEREFORE, ACCORD	ING TO MIAMI TELETYPE,
ŞUGGE	NOT BE DISPATCHED TO FLO	ORIDA.
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